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SYSTEM OPTICAL QUALITY USERS GUIDE,

Part 3 of 3

10 J.L. Forgham 6. S. /Townsend J.L. /Campbell

**United Technologies Corporation** West Palm Beach, FL 33402

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Final Report, Jan

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AIR FORCE WEAPONS LABORATORY Air Force Systems Command Kirtland Air Force Base, NM 87117

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& Dale tolt

J. DALE HOLT Captain, USAF Project Officer

FOR THE DIRECTOR

JAMES L. STAPP

LtCo1, USAF

Chief, Optical Systems Branch

JOHN A. CARPENTER

Colonel, USAF

Deputy Chief, Laser Development Division

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SOQ USER GUIDE UPDATES

June 1980 Updates to SOQ80128

#### INTRODUCTION

This document defines the changes made to the SOQ code (SOQ80128) between January and June of 1980. The changes either correct short-comings found in the code or, more usually, document the increased capability being continually built into the code. The SOQ code is maintained as SOQ80128 June PL,ID = AFLOJRA as a NOS/BE-1 CDC update format file.

#### UPDATES

#### \*ID FIXZRN

This update redefines the coefficients to be input to the Zernike subroutine. This new convention is more physically meaningful in that, at least for lower orders, the coefficients are in waves. For example, to impose one wave peak to peak of defocus  $(P_4)$  on a beam, one would input P(4)=1. The phase applied is now:

$$\phi(1,J) = \sum_{k} p_k \pi Z_k(1,J)$$

The subroutine affected is ZERN. This update does not effect the rest of the code.

#### 2. \*ID FIXJTR

This update ensures a correct definition of DF in subroutine JITRBG since when JITRBG is called from subroutine QUAL, the X-coordinate array contains  $R\lambda/D$  coordinates, not the spatial coordinates.

Only one line of the code is affected by this update.

#### 3. \*ID ROTZRN

Due to different coordinate system orientations for data, it became necessary to allow for this variation within subroutine ZERN.

Define the data x and y coordinates to be XROT and YROT, and the SOQ x and y coordinates to be XIN and YIN. The rotation angle is then defined to be  $\theta$  (in radians).

June 1980 Updates to SOQ80128 Page 2

 $COSROT = COS(\theta)$ 

 $SINROT = SIN(\theta)$ 

 $XROT = XIN \times COSROT + YIN \times SINROT$ 

 $YROT = -XIN \times SINROT + YIN \times COSROT$ 

Application of Zernike polynomials to and SOQ point located at (XIN, YIN) would then be calculated using Z(XROT, YROT). The possibility of axis flips are also accounted for and are flagged by FLIPX or FLIPY not equal to zero. Namelist ZERNS is modified to include FLIPX, FLIPY and the rotation angle (in degrees) ZTHETA. No common was modified. This update modified only subroutines GDL and ZERN.

```
.SPGGOUFDI.ID=AFLCSST + SCGEC128.ID=AFLCCRA
                                                              11775
    *ICENT FIXZEN
       */ ZTR1
         *DELETE ZRAIKE . 115
               DEL = CFL+3.14155264
         *CELETE ZRNIHE.125
              *ICENT FIX.TR
       */ JITREC
         *CELETE LITTER.25.LITTER.30
               EF = 1./(FLCAT(NPTS)*E))
    *ICENT RCTZRN
          GCL
         *CELETE ZRNINFC.3
               NAMELIST /ZEFNS/ FC.F.FFPNC.SIGMAY.NTERMZ.ZTFETA.FLIFX.FLIFY
         *INSERT ZRAIKE . C
         C
                    2THETA = THE CLCCKWISE ANGLE OF ROTATION OF THE DECOMPOSITI
         C
                             AXES ONTO THE SOG COORDINATE SYSTEM
         C
                             PEFCRE CALCULATION OF THE ZEPNIKE POLYNOMIALS.
                             IT IS INPUT IN DECPEES.
         C
                    FLIFX = 1. RESULTS IN A FLIF AECUT THE Y AXIS HEFCRE
         C
                             RCTATION.
         C
                    FLIFY = 1. RESULTS IN A FLIP APOUT THE Y AXIS REFORE
         C
         C
                             RCTATION.
         *DELFTE ZRNINFC.2
               CIMENSICA FZZSV(20,10)
         *INSERT ZRAINFC.7
               ZTHETA = 0.
               FLIFY = (.
               FLIFY = C.
         *INSERT ZENINFC.5
               FZ2SV(IZERN,3) = 21FETA+3.141593/190.
               PZZSV(IZERN,4) = FLIFY
               F225V(12ERN .F) = FLIFY
         *DELFTE ZRNINFC.1C.ZFNINFC.11
           244 CALL ZERN(FZ25V(IZERN+1)+FZ25V(IZERN+2)+FZ25V(IZERN+3)+
                         FZ2SV(IZFAN,4), HZ2SV(IZERN,5),
              ×
                         FZSAVE(25,17FRN),FZSAVE(1,1ZERN))
       */ ZERT
         *DELETE ZRNINFC.12
               SLEROLTINE ZERN (SICMAY, YNTFMZ, THETA, FLIFX, FLIFY, PC, F)
         *INSERT ZRNIKE.72
               CCSROT = CCS(THETA)
               SINACT = SIN(THETA)
         *DELETE ZRNIKE.75
         *DELETE ZRNIKE.77
               XIV = X(IX)
               YIN = X(IY)
               IF (FLIPY.GT..E) YIX=-YIN
               JF(FLJFY.CT..E) XIN=-YIN
               yFCT = >IN*CCSPCT * YIN*SINPCT
               YRCT = ->IN+SINRCT + YIN+CCSRCT
               IF (FLIFY.LT. -. E) YRCT = - YRCT
               IF (FLIPY.LT. -. 5) XRCT=-VRCT
               XSG = XRCT + +2
               YSC = YFCT++2
         *CELETE ZRRIKE.FC
```

THET = ATAN2(YPCT, YRCT)

```
*IDENT MERSUR
     *INSERT SUMMRY . F 15
        **** CCPY TAFF (50) TO CUTFUT:
     (
     Ç
           END FILE 50
     C
            WEITE (6,3035)
           RELIND EC
      7000 READ(50,4005) IC1,02
      4005 FCRMAT(11,2104)
            IF (EOF (EC) . NF . C.) OC TO 7015
     C
            IF (IC1.EG.1) LRITF (6,3035)
            WRITE(6,4040) C2
      404C FCRMAT(1(x,2144)
            ec to 7000
      7015 RELINE SC
            WRITE (6,3035)
     C
            RELIND 57
      4000 PEAC(57,4005) IC1,02
            IF (ECF (57) . NE . O . ) 60 TC 4015
            IF (IC1.EC.1) | WRITE (6.3035)
            WRITE(6,4040) 02
            GC TC 4CCS
      4015 REWIND 57
            LPITE (6,3035)
     C
            REWINE ST
      ECCC REAC(57,4005) IC1,02
            IF(ECF(57).NE.C.) GC TC 6015
            IF(IC1.EG.1) WRITF(6.3035)
            WRITE(6.4546) C2
            00 10 6000
      ECIE RELINC 57
            WRITE(6,3035)
     C
     C
        **** CCPY TAPE (ISLMRY) TO CUTFUT:
     C
            RELINE ISLARY
      ECCC REAC(ISLMRY, 300E) IC1, C2, C3
            IF(EDF(ISUMRY).NE.C.) GC TC 5015
            IF (101.EG.1) WRITE (6.3035)
            WEITE (6,3040) 02,03
            60 10 5000
      SCIE REWIND ISUMRY
            WRITE (6,3035)
     C
        *** CCPY TAFE (50) TO CLIFLT:
     C
            KRITE (( +3(35)
            RELIND EC
      8000 READ(50,4005) IC1.02
            IF (EOF (EE) . NE . O . ) CC TC EC15
     C
            IF (101.8(.1) WRITE (6,2038)
```

##175(6,4(40) (2 rc fr (0)( f(15 #EWI'D EC ##175(+,3(35)

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#### 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

This report is divided into three parts. Part 1 consists of the front matter and text pages 1-34. Part 2 consists of text pages 35-296 and the References. Part 3 consists of Appendices A and B and distribution list (pages 297-360).

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Laser Code Optics Optical Quality Optical System High Power Laser High Energy Laser

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

This report describes the System Optical Quality (SOQ) code structure and the input to the code required for analyzing High Power Laser Optical Systems. The SOQ code provides the designer with a physical optics model of the system. The code traces the beam from its point of origin in the resonator through the optical train into the far field. This report is divided into three parts. Part 1 describes the general structure of the SOQ code and establishes a correlation between the usual optical elements encountered in the optical

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#### 20. ABSTRACT (Continued).

train/gas dynamic laser resonator and the appropriate SOQ models. Part 2 acquaints the user with the individual SOQ subroutines and their analytical formulations as manifested in Fortran within the SOQ framework. It also delineates the input required to exercise the subroutines, familiarizes the user with the operation of the SOQ model, and contains working input modules which carry the user through the usual calculations of the SOQ code from input generation to loaded cavity calculations. Part 3 contains Appendices describing SOQ updates.

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# SECTION V APPENDICES APPENDIX A SOQ USERS GUIDE UPDATES JANUARY 1977 TO JUNE 1978

#### INTRODUCTION

This appendix documents those changes made to the initial SOQ code between January 1977 and June 1978. The changes incorporated in the code are those that have become generally useful for the physical optics simulation problems which have been solved using the SOQ code. The Users Guide Updates are also prepared to clarify and correct the initial description of the SOQ code, as documented and delivered to AFWL on 1 March 1978, in the Preliminary SOQ Users Guide. This document supersedes previous written material on SOQ code documentation. The organization of the SOQ Users Guide Updates is

SECTION AI	New Subroutines
	1. Theory
	2. FORTRAN Updates
SECTION AII	Code Changes/Corrections
	1. Theory/Reason for Correction
	2. FORTRAN Updates
SECTION AIII	Users Guide Corrections
SECTION AIV	SOQ Code Access

#### AI. NEW SUBROUTINES

#### 1. THEORY

a. Beam jitter -- Relative motion between optical elements, such as mirrors, induces time varying positional displacement of the optical field. The typical term for this phenomenon is beam jitter, and the principle effect is to broaden the time-averaged effective beam illumination area, while reducing the time averaged intensity.

Beam jitter is both a near field and far field concern. Jitter in optical trains can overload apertures or cause energy deposition on areas outside the normal propagation path as well as cause a deterioration in the peak on-axis irradiance and integrated spot power.

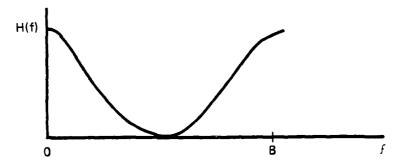
The time-averaged effect of beam jitter may be modeled as the convolution of the intensity profile with an appropriate probability density function (PDF) for the jitter statistics. The current SOQ model assumes that the jitter PDF is Gaussian with known mean and variance. The model allows the user to specify the Gaussian parameters and, for the selected beam jitter analysis location, to determine the near field and/or far field effect of beam jitter.

The following is a brief description of the analytical and SOQ Fortran implementation of beam jitter calculations:

b. Relevant formalism -- The effect on the beam may be found by convolution of the Gaussian jitter probability density function with the SOQ predicted intensity distribution:

$$I'(x,y) = \iint_{-\infty}^{\infty} I(x',y)J(x-x', y-y')dx'dy'$$
 (A1)

The 1-D Fourier transform of the Gaussian function looks like:



#### 2. FORTRAN UPDATES

The jitter model can be called in two ways. Each assumes that the jitter variance is the product of a jitter angle and the propagation distance from the jitter source.

$$\sigma = \theta_{J} \cdot Z$$
 (A2)  
 $\theta_{J} = \text{Jitter angle (1}\sigma, \text{ in microradians)}$   
 $Z = \text{Distance from jitter source (in cm)}$ 

When the far field model is called from QUAL, the jitter angle has been incorporated into namelist QLOT while the propagation distance is the focal length found in QUAL. The jittered intensity is returned to array CU as a

phaseless field so it can be plotted, or written to a permanent file.

The other method of activating the jitter model is to call the near field jitter model from GDL with IFLOW = 23. For this model both angle and jitter distance are entered in namelist JITTER.

Namelists modified:

Far Field

QLOT: SIGANG (rad) is added to specify the jitter angle

Near Field

JITTER: Contains -

JITANG (urad)

JITDIS - Jitter distance

#### AII. CODE CHANGES/CORRECTIONS

#### 1. THEORY/REASON FOR CORRECTIONS

a. Bare resonator calculations -- The SOQ resonator/optical-train calculation code may be used to simulate, in Cartesian coordinates, bare resonators. This added option is frequently used in the initial simulation studies of a resonator or a class of resonators.

The bare resonator optical configuration may be compared to its geometric counterpart using the SOQ code by simply invoking the IBARE option and associated updates now contained in the fundamental code. The fundamental approach in bare resonator calculations on the SOQ code is to allow the user to use the same input and code for bare, semibare and loaded cavity calculations. Various options under the bare cavity calculations have been incorporated and are now described as input values for IBARE in Namelist START.

#### IBARE = 0 (Default)

Loaded cavity calculations are performed as usual following the standard input which the user has supplied.

#### IBARE = 1

Using the same input, the user will now perform bare cavity calculations in which the resonator is normalized to 1W of circulating power. Mirrors are defaulted to have 100 percent reflectivity, and no power dependent or flux dependent distortion. The SOQ output is modified to printout the resonator eigenvalue.

#### IBARE = 2

Semibare resonator calculations are performed in which the user can perform bare resonator calculations that include optical aberrations generated by a flowing saturable gain medium. These aberrations may strongly effect mode shape/phase. This option provides a convenient method of studying their perturbational effect on the bare cavity mode.

For the semibare option, an additional update has been included in which the namelist MIRROR user may specify the desired power at each of the resonator mirrors. This allows the user of the semibare updates to apply mirror distortions as though the bare cavity mode had a significant power level. Specification of the DESIPW value in namelist MIRROR to some value other than 0.0 will cause the field incident on the mirror to be scaled to that power specified by the numerical value of DESIPW. Appropriate mirror distortions will be applied at the desired power level. The field leaving the mirror will then be rescaled to its incident power level. Subsequent calculations are done as specificed by the user typical namelist input.

An additional variation is allowed in which the parameter FLAG of cavity input namelist CAVTY2 can be used to execute a resonator with loaded gain, but no fixed phase perturbation in cavity. The input would correspond to FLAG = 0; IBARE = 0. Usual loaded resonator calculations are performed with mirror distortions as specified by the user.

All of the above variations of cavity/resonator calculations may be run from the standard loaded cavity input.

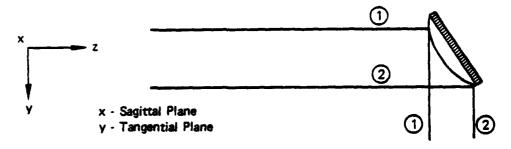
At the rear of this section are Fortran listings of the code updates which have been included in the basic Cycle III SOQ code previously documented.

b. Mirror non-normal incidence angle -- In many optical train calculations the propagating optical field is incident on the mirrors in a nonnormal manner. Since, in general, the mirror surface may have a spherical figure, the field leaving the mirror will exhibit phase front aberrations introduced by non-normal incidence of the field on the curved surface.

The SOQ MIRROR subroutine has been modified to incorporate an astigmatic aberration due to the nonnormal incidence on a spherical surface. The following is a brief description of the generation of the astigmatic aberration applied.

#### Astigmatism in Resonator:

General astigmatism is introduced when a wavefront is incident on a spherical (parabolic) surface in a nonnormal manner. This aberration occurs at each spherically-distorted turning flat, for example.



$$\frac{1}{S} + \frac{1}{S'_s} = -2 \frac{\cos \phi}{R_c}$$

$$\lim_{S \to \infty} S' = -\frac{R_c}{2 \cos \phi}$$

$$\Delta\theta_{SOQ_s} = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \left( \frac{x^2}{2S_s'} \right)$$

\$ = Incident angle

S = Object distance

R<sub>c</sub> = Mirror surface curvature (spherical)

S = Sagittal plane effective curvature

Thus  $2S_{S}^{\prime}$  is the resultant phase curvature being imposed on the beam. A cylindrical mirror can be used to model this with

$$R_{c_{s'}} = 2S'_{s} = -\sqrt{2} R_{c}$$
 (neg since  $R_{c}$  is convex) for  $\phi = 45^{\circ}$  (A3)

Therefore, to represent the astigmatism introduced in the x-plane by a spherically-distorted turning flat, a cylindrical mirror is employed with a radius of curvature

$$R_{c_{S'_s}} = -\sqrt{2} R_c$$

Rc is the power induced radius of curvature which is input or determined by the SOQ code.

Similarly, the tangential plane is described by

$$\Delta \theta_{SOQ_{T}} = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \left( \frac{y^2}{2S'_{T}} \right)$$

$$S_{T} = \frac{-R_{c}\cos\phi}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-R_{c}}{2\sqrt{2}} \text{ for } \phi = 45^{\circ}$$
(A4)

The new mirror subroutine including astigmatic effects has the form

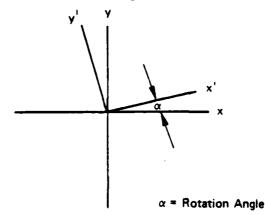
$$\Delta\theta_{SOQ} = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \left[ \frac{x^2}{2S_S'} + \frac{y^2}{2S_T'} \right]$$

$$S_S' = \frac{R_C}{2\cos\phi} \qquad S_T' = \frac{R_C\cos\phi}{2}$$
(A5)

The only additional input change is to the MIRROR routine namelist which is expanded to include the variable PHIAST, the beam incidence angle in degrees (default is PHIAST = 0).

c. Beam rotation -- The mirror model has been updated to describe beam rotation introduced by optical elements which are oriented in a skewed fashion. Many examples of this type of orientation are encountered in resonators and optical trains. The principle effect of skewed, or out-of-plane, orientation is to convolve or smooth the mirror distortion-induced aberrations over the total number of optical elements.

Rotation of the beam is accomplished by analytically rotating the mirror with respect to the beam, rather than rotating the beam within the mesh and then applying the mirror. By rotating the mirror with respect to the beam two modeling advantages result: First, analytical rotation of the mirror with respect to the beam is accomplished with no interpolation loss of information. Second, since the rotation is analytical, computer time is saved by not having to evaluate the field numerically. The following describes the rotation equations used in the code. The following sketch shows a base and rotated system.



Since,

$$x = x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha$$
 (A6)

$$y = -x \sin\alpha + y \cos\alpha \tag{A7}$$

Then,

$$\Delta \phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda R_{\rm T}} \left\{ \frac{\left(x\right)^2}{\cos \alpha} \right\} + \left(y\right)^2 \cos \alpha \tag{A8}$$

Here,

(x,y) are the SOQ coordinates

(x,y) are the transformed (rotated) coordinates

The SOQ field is modified as

$$CU_{OUT} = A \exp (\Delta \phi) CU_{IN}$$
 (A9)

where A represents the completed transmittance effects included in mirror.

The variable added to the SOQ MIRROR namelist input is PHIROT, which is the beam rotation angle in degrees. The default value is PHIROT = 0.0.

#### 2. FORTRAN UPDATES

The attached printouts contain a listing of the updates, denoted as ROT, used to effect these changes.

106411 901

\*TOFN! HOT \*DELETE CLOASTG.1 ATOP (3.4) -XSCR (4) -AHC (14.20.9) -TITLE3 (20) -XOPADO (4) -\*OLLETE CLOFLA.1 DIMPNSIUM IDIU(5.24).IGDL(99).AMC(14.20.9).CFFL(16384).IUSK(4.9). C1045TG.2+C10A5TG.3 DATA MANUES. DOUTY. DINY. PHEAST. PHENUT /5-0./ PULLETE CLOASTG.4 A DELTA-DISTF +DOUTY+UINY+HANULS+PHIAST+PHIROT+DESIPW \*INSERT CIDASTO.5 PHINOT IS THE HEAM NOTATION ANGLE AT THAT STATION -- DEG DESIPH IS THE DESTRED POWER LEVEL AT THAT STATION \*INSENT CINASTG.A TURINGE (S. HIMI . F () 2HA AHC(14.IMIR.2) = DESIPW DESIPH = AHC(14+[MIR+2) \*DELETE CLOASTG.8 X DISTE . HANGES . RYDUT . HYIN . PHIAST . PHIRT . DESIPH)

```
*INSERT MIRHOH.2H
      PHIROTEPHIRT
*INSERT CloastG.12
       PHIROPE-PHIROTOPI/180.
      PHIROTED.0
      WHITE (6.86) PHIRUP
       SIMPH=SIM(PHIROR)
       COSPRECOS (PHIROR)
*DELETE CLOASTG.15
       XPRM=X(J) +COSPH+X(I) +SINPR
       YPRM==x(J) +SINPR+X(I) +COSPH
       PHASE MAKY+ ( (XPRM++2/HMSAG) + (YPRM++2/PMTAN) ) -4KY+NELL
.UELETF Cln4STG.24
       APRMEX (J) +COSPH+X(I) +SINPR
       YHRM==X(J) +5 [NPH+4(I) +CU5PH
       PHASE =AKY+ ( (APHM++2/HMS4G) + (YPHM++2/PMTAN) )
*DELETE MIRROR.84
      PHIR=(PHIAST*PI)/180.
      RMSAG=RUC/COS(PHIH)
      RMTAN=HOC+COS (PHIR)
       PHIHOR=PHIROTOPI/180.
       D.OETOHIHS
       S[NPH=SIN(PH[RUH)
       COSPH=COS (PHIRUH)
*DELETE MIPROR.91
       XPRM=X(J) +COSPR+X(I) +5INPR
       YPRM==X(J) =SINPR+X(I) =C()SPH
       PHIMIH=AKY+((XPRM++2/RM5AG)+(YPHM++2/RMTAN))
·INSERT MIRHOR.108
      WHITE (A.86) PHIROR
      WHITE (A.420) RMSAG-RMTAN
        FORMATIZOX - MIRROR RUTATION = *+G12.5+*FADS*)
 86
```

#### AIII. USER'S GUIDE CORRECTIONS

#### 1. SUBROUTINE FUHS

- a. Purpose -- Subroutine FUHS is used to calculate the phase change due to heat release as the molecules in the lower laser level decay to the ground state. The FUHS modeling includes the assumption generally made for supersonic flow and assumes the heat release has only a small perturbative effect on the flow.
- b. Formulation -- The equations used here are based on those described by Biblarz and Fuhs, (Ref. 10) and Fuhs, (Ref. 11).

The usual continuity, momentum, and energy equations for steady flow with heat addition are used as the basis for the analysis:

Continuity: 
$$\nabla \cdot (\rho \dot{u}) = 0$$

Momentum:  $\rho \frac{D\dot{u}}{Dt} + \dot{\nabla} p = 0$ 

Energy:  $\nabla \cdot \rho \dot{u} h + \frac{\dot{u}^2}{2} = 0$ 

2 = q

These are linearized assuming

$$\rho = \rho_{\infty} + \rho'$$

$$p = p_{\infty} + p'$$

$$\vec{u} = \hat{i} (U + u') + \hat{j} \nu'$$
(A10)

Resulting in

Continuity: 
$$\rho_{\infty} u'_{X} + \rho_{\infty} v'_{Y} + U\rho'_{X} = 0$$
 (A11)

$$(u'_{X'} \equiv \frac{\delta}{\delta x} u'; \text{ etc})$$
 (A12)

Momentum: 
$$\rho_{\infty} = \overline{U}u'_{X} + p_{X} = 0$$

$$\rho_{\infty} = Uv'_{X} + p_{Y} = 0$$
(A13)

Energy: 
$$\frac{P_{\infty} U}{\gamma - 1} \frac{\delta}{\delta x} \left( \frac{P'}{P_{\infty}} - \frac{\gamma \rho'}{\rho_{\infty}} \right) = q$$
 (A14)

The solution to these equations was first shown by Tsien and Bieloch, (Ref. 12), resulting in the following equations for a heat source q in supersonic heat addition.

$$u' = \frac{-(\gamma - 1)q}{2\gamma p\beta} \delta(x - \beta y) \tag{A15}$$

$$v' = \frac{(\gamma - 1)q}{2\gamma p} \delta(x - \beta y)$$
 (A16)

$$p' = \frac{(\gamma - 1)Mq}{2a^3\beta} \delta(x - \beta y) - \frac{(\gamma - 1)q}{a^2U} \delta(y)I(x)$$
(A17)

Where,

$$x = \beta y$$
 Defines a Mach line  $\beta = \sqrt{M^2 - 1}$   $a = \frac{U}{M}$  Speed of Sound

$$I(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x > 0 \\ 0, & x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

For a small volume, the heat addition is q = h(x,y) dx dy. The effects of all sources are then added; for example,

$$U = \frac{(\gamma-1)}{2\gamma p\beta} \iint h(x,y) = \delta(x-\beta y) = dx dy$$

$$= -\frac{(\gamma - 1)}{2\gamma p\beta} \int_{0}^{S} h(x=\beta y) \sin \mu ds$$
 (A18)

where the integral is taken along a streamline (x = y) and  $\sin \mu = 1/M$ . s is related to x and y by

$$x = s \cos \mu \qquad y = s \sin \mu \tag{A19}$$

By the Faltung theorem, for Fourier transforms, this can be written

$$I'(x,y) = F^{-1} \left\{ F\left[I(x,y)\right] \cdot F\left[J(x,y)\right] \right\}$$
(A20)

The Fourier transform of the intensity is performed by the FFT, while the Fourier Transform for Gaussian density functions can be found analytically as

$$\mathbf{f} \left\{ \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2} \exp\left[ \frac{-(\mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{y}^2)}{2\sigma^2} \right] = \exp\left[ -2\pi\sigma^2 \left( \mathbf{f_x}^2 + \mathbf{f_y}^2 \right) \right]$$
(A21)

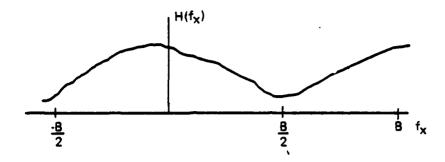
From sampling theory, the discrete values of  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  can be found since

$$\Delta \mathbf{f} = \frac{1}{1} \tag{A22}$$

where

L is the width of the SOQ calculation region (DCALC)

 $f_{\chi}(I)$  is then (I-1) $\Delta f$ . Recall from the discussion in FOURT, the DC value is returned in the first position and the last half of the transformed data are really negative frequency information shifted by one period, illustrated below in one dimension.



where

$$B = \frac{1}{\Delta x}$$

 $\Delta x = Sampling rate in real space$ 

The equation for density change is, therefore,

$$\frac{\Delta \rho}{\rho} = \frac{1}{\rho} \left[ \frac{(\gamma - 1)M}{2a^{5}\beta} \int_{0}^{s} h(x,y) \Big|_{x=6y} \sin \mu \, ds \right]$$

$$\frac{(\gamma - 1) \iint dx' \, dy' \, h(x',y') \, \delta(y - y') \, I(x - x')$$
(A23)

The first term describes the compression waves along the streamlines due to heat addition, while the second describes the wake resulting from those compression waves.

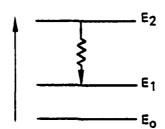
The heat release h(x,y) for a laser can be written:

$$h(x,y) = C \int_{\Delta I(x',y)e}^{X} \frac{(x-x')}{R\tau}$$
 (A24)

where  $\tau$  is the time constant for the depopulation of the lower laser level. If the depopulation were instantaneous  $(\tau \to 0)$ , the heat release would be proportional to the intensity, since every molecule emitting a photon would then immediately relax to the ground state with an accompanying increase in translational energy. It has been shown that the above equation for the heat release can be used in all regions of the cavity with only small error introduced.

The constant c can be found by conservation of energy as shown following.

Consider the following 3-level molecule:



The quantum efficiency  $\eta$  is defined as the ratio of the energy out divided by the total energy available, so for the gain/phase segment under consideration.

$$\eta = \frac{\text{(no. of molecules)}(E_2 - E_1)}{\text{(no. of molecules)}(E_2 - E_0)} = \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta H + \Delta P}$$
(A25)

Where

$$\Delta H = \text{(no. of molecules)} (E_1 - E_0)$$

the above expression can be inverted to give

$$\Delta H = \left(\frac{1 - \eta}{\eta}\right) \Delta P \tag{A26}$$

 $\Delta P = \iint \Delta I(x',y') dx'dy'$ and

$$\Delta H = \iint h(x',y') dx' dy'$$

assume, for this calculation, that (0,0) is at the corner of the sidewall and the NEP. Then

$$\Delta H = c\Delta z \int_{0}^{\infty} dy \int_{0}^{\infty} dx \int_{0}^{\infty} \Delta I(x',y) e^{-(x-x')/U\tau} dx'$$

$$= c\Delta z \int_{0}^{\infty} dy \int_{0}^{\infty} dx \int_{0}^{\infty} I(x-x')\Delta I(x',y) e^{-(x-x')/U\tau} dx' \qquad (A27)$$

Where, recall

$$I(x - x') = \begin{cases} 1, & x > x' \\ 0, & x < x' \end{cases}$$

So,

$$\Delta H = c\Delta z \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dy \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx' \Delta I(x',y) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx I(x - x') e^{-(x - x')/U\tau}$$

$$= c\Delta z \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dy \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx' \Delta I(x',y) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx'' e^{-x''/U\tau}$$

$$= c\Delta z \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dy \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx' \Delta I(x',y) \left(\frac{1}{1/U\tau}\right)$$
(A28)

Or,

$$\Delta H = c(\Delta z) U \tau \Delta P$$

Or,

$$c = \left(\frac{1 - \eta}{\eta}\right) \frac{1}{U\tau \Delta z}$$

Since the numerical kinetics routine returns information about the wake region itself and not just the heat addition terms, this information must be the data used. Thus, for the analytical kinetics model, one must find the value for the wake integral:

$$w(x,y) = \int_{0}^{x} dx' h(x',y) = c \int_{0}^{x} dx'' \Delta I(x'',y) e^{-(x'-x'')/U\tau}$$

$$= c \int_{0}^{\infty} dx' I(x-x') \int_{0}^{\infty} dx'' I(x'-x'') \Delta I(x'',y) e^{-(x'-x'')/U\tau}$$

$$= c \int_{0}^{\infty} dx'' \Delta I(x'',y) \int_{0}^{\infty} dx' I(x-x') I(x'-x'') e^{-(x'-x'')/U\tau}$$

$$= c \int_{0}^{\infty} dx'' \Delta I(x''',y) I(x-x'') \int_{0}^{x} dx' e^{-(x-x'')/U\tau}$$
(A29)

So,

$$w(x,y) = c \int_{0}^{x} dx'' \Delta I(x'',y) U \tau (1 - e^{-(x - x'')/U\tau})$$
 (A30)

So, recalling

$$c = \left(\frac{1 - \eta}{\eta}\right) \frac{1}{U\tau \Delta z} \tag{A31}$$

And

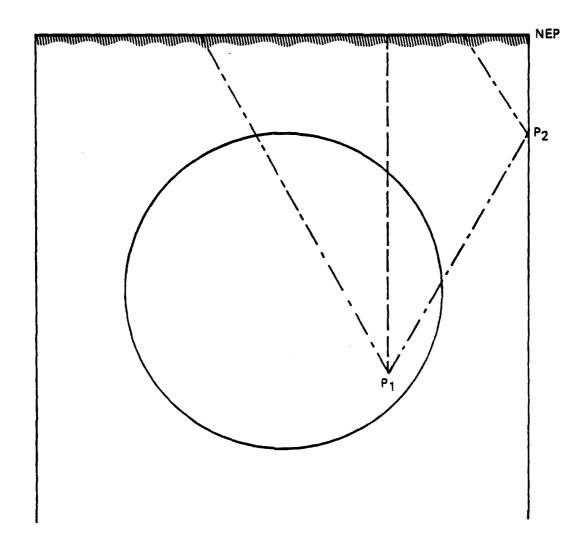
$$\Delta I(x'',y) = 2\left(\frac{1-G}{1+G}\right)PPD$$
 from SIMPGG

$$w(x,y) = \frac{2}{\Delta z} \left( \frac{1-G}{1+G} \right) \left( \frac{1-n}{n} \right) \int_{0}^{X} dx' PPD (x',y) (1-e^{-(x-x'')})' U\tau$$
(A32)

Now both numerical and analytical kinetics models return the same array, namely the value of the wake integral throughout the cavity. The effect of heat release due to lower level depopulation can be calculated without regard to the particular kinetics model chosen. The Fuhs effect is calculated in the following manner:

$$H(I,J) = \frac{1}{\Delta x} \int h(x,y) dx = \frac{w(x(I)) - w(x(I-1))}{\Delta x}$$
(A33)

Given this average heat release function, the integral along a characteristic can be performed. Note that reflection off the sidewalls must be included as can be seen in the following diagram:



The contribution at  $P_1$  due to reflection is therefore found by finding the total heat released along the characteristic that reflects at  $P_2$ , then adding this to that found along  $P_2P_1$ .

The phase shift is found using the Gladstone-Dale law

$$\eta = 1 + C\rho \tag{A34}$$

The phase change  $\Delta \phi$  is

$$\Delta \phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \left( \Delta \mathbf{n} \right) \left( \Delta \mathbf{z} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \left( \frac{C\Delta o}{\rho_o} \right) \rho o^{\Delta z} \tag{A35}$$

This is then added to that of the unloaded density field to establish the total phase change at the gain/phase segment.

#### AIV. SOQ CODE ACCESS

#### 1. SOURCE CODE

The following listing represents the source code necessary to update the SOQ to include the corrections and modifications described on the preceding pages.

```
1. F . T
         HOWF
PINENT BARE
      *INSERT GUL.531
            THITHARE .NE . 1) GO TO 850
            HMIR = 1.0
            DELTA = 0.0
            DISTF = 0.0
            HHITE (6.460) IHARE
           FORMATIVEX. IPHOSOGOGOGO I HARE #0.12.0 PELTA ANDO.
           C & DISTE SET IN ZERO AND HMIR SET TO I. 0.10H00000000000)
      950
            CONTINUE
      *INSERT APPRA.20
            wHITE(7) (CU(IZ) .TZ=1.NOH)
            REWIND 1
      POELETE
                       GDL . 704 . GDL . 705
      PULLETE
                       GDL . 690 + GDL . 702
            IF([CAV.EQ.0) [BAHE=1
            IF (IFAPE.EQ.O) GO TO 591
            WRITE (29) (CFFL (12) +12=1+NO3) +x
            PEHIND 29
            60M. [=1 PRA 00
       980
              CU(I) = CFFL(I)
            00 6891 I=1.NPTS
       1666
              X([]) = XK([])
            DIBMH = APC(1.1.1)/2.
            CALL APRIM (DIHMH.0..0..0..0..0.)
            POW=0.
            READ (29) (CFFL (IZ) + IZ=1+NUH) +X
            HEWIND 24
            00 688 I=1.NOB
       6HB
              POW = POW + CU(I) * CO +JG(CU(I))
            PUW = POW *(XK(2) - XK(1)) **2*(NPTS/NPY)
            WHITE (A+687) POW
       687
              FORMAT(SX.* ---- POWER IN FEEDBACK NORMED TO UNITY HY ...
           XE15.7./)
            SOTPOW = SORT (POW)
            00 686 I=1.NO6
              CFFL(I) = CFFL(I) / SQTHOW
       566
      *ULLETE
                       GOL. A22.60F. 453
            IF (IRAPE.ED.0) GO TO 1002
            IF (THIT. AND. . NOT. RESTRI) GU TO 87
     C
            ***** CALCULATE FIGENVALUE
            IF (PPWK.GT.0.001) PPWK = .001
            EIG = SORT(1.-1000.4PPWK)
            WHITE (A. HO) FIG
            FURMATIONA - ESTIMATED EIGENVALUE =
      86
            GO TO 1003
      81
            WHITF (6.89)
            FORMATICZOX. OF IRST PASS-THPUT PURER NUT UNITY. EIG NUT ESTO. . /)
       44
            GO TO 1003
```

```
1002 CONTINUE
      CALL REGAIN (NCT+NITER)
 1003 IF (ICEK.EU.0) GO TO 565
PULLETE
                GUL.AZA.GOL.H3H
*DELETE CAVITY.3
     * ZLI+ZLO+IAARE)
"INSERT CAVITY.141
      IF (IMARE.NE.0) GO TO 109
*ULLETE CAVITY-183
  109 WRITE (7) (CU(TZ)+TZ=1+MUT)
*DELETE CORRI.47
      CALL I)FNSY(FLAG+RHO+XLEN+YLEN+UCZ+NXA+NYA+1+IN+WNSYM+TBARE)
*INSERT SORTTCY1.10
      IF (IRARE.GT.O) GO TO 12
*INSERT CAVITY.217
      GO TO 11
   12 CG(I7)=CMPLx(COS(PHIM)+SIN(PHIM))
PULLETE DENSY.2
      SUBROUTINE DENSY (FLAG-RHU-XLEN-YLEN-ZSLAR-NPX-NPY-IF-IN-NSYM-
     X IHARE)
*INSERT DENSY.105
      TF ( IRAHF.EQ. 1) HETURN
      IFILAG.GT.O) GO TO 12
      WHITE (6.13)
   13 FORMAT (//10x+5H+4+
                           . *FLAG = 1). IN DEMSY .5H
                           *ALL JPD5 SET TO 0.0*//)
       15×.
      RETURN
   12 CONTINUE
MINSENT LROP1.2
      DATA IRARE/O/
*INSERT GOL.47
      DATA DESIPW/0./
*INSERT LROPI.1
      CUMMON /HARES/ IRARE
PINSERT GOL.22
      COMMON /BARES/ IRARE
*DELETE LROP1.3
     A . [HARE .PLOTS
      THARF IS FLAG FOR LOADED. HARE, OR SEMI-RARE CAVITY
           = 0 FOR LOADED RESUNATOR (DEFAULT VALUE)
           = 1 FOR HARE RESUNATOR (UNITY GAIN+0 PHASE CHANGE)
           = 2 FOR SEMI-RAKE RESUNATOR (UNITY GAIN+DENSITY PHASE CHANGE)
*INSERT GOL.430
      IDIR(5.ICAV) = IMARE
*INSERT GOL.437
     X.IDIP(S.ICAV)
*DELETE GDL.439
         PROPAGATING PARAMETER +12/* IHARE# *+131
*DELETE GDL.444
     x RESTHT . INIH (4 . ICAV) . ZLI (ICAV) . ZLO (ICAV) . IDIH (5 . ICAV))
*DELETE GDL.530
      IF (.NUT.INIT) GU TO 22
      DESIPW = 0.0
*INSERT GDL.245
      NOH = NPTS+NPY
*DELETE MIRHOR.24
   70 IF (DESIPW.EQ.0.0) GO TO 360
      ZTHMPYHM = HUV
      NOHE = NURME
C *** FIND INCIDENT PUWER
```

```
TOENT
         HAHE
             PPWIN = 0.0
             00 355 [Z=1+N0B2+2
      355
             PPWIN = PPWIN + CUR(IZ) ++2 + CUR(IZ+1) ++2
             PPWK = PPWIN*(X(2)-X(1)) **2*(NPT5/NPY)/1000.
             IF (NPFG.EQ.1.OP.NREG.EQ.Z) PPWK=PPWK/WNOH+#2
             THANS = SQRT (DFS[PW/PPWK)
      C ++++ SCALE THE HEAM TO THE DESIRED POWER.
               DU 346 IZ = 1.NOHZ
      356
               CUR(IZ) = CUR(IZ) +THANS
               WRITE (6.4010) DESIPW.PPWK.THANS
               FORMAT (/5X+42HTHE FIELD HAS BEEN SCALED TO DESIRED POWER/
      4010
              8X+12HDESIPW
                                 =+G12.4/8X+12HPPWK
                                                            =.G12.4/
               BX+12HTHANS
                                 = +612.4/)
            DESIPW = TRANS
        360 IF(ARS(ANX).LE.0.000100.AND.AUS(ANY).LF.0.000100) GO TO 71
      *DELETE CLOASTG.7
           3 ABC(11 + IMIR+4) + ABC(12 + IMIH+2) + ABC(13 + IMIR+2) + DESIPW)
             IF (DESTPW.FU.0.0) GO TO 24
         ***** SCALE THE FIELD BACK DOWN.
            00 358 IZ=1.NU9
              CU([7) = CU([2)/DESIPW
      358
               #RITF(6+4000)
      4000
             FORMAT (/5X+30HTHE FIELD HAS HEEN SCALED DOWN/)
             CONTINUE
LUENT
         JITTEH
      PIDENT JITTER
     *DELETE GOL.20
           X ICUT+MLT+IDK+IJTH+
           X ICNT24.ICNT25.ICNT26.
           X ITM+ICEK+NCT
     MELETE GOL.26
           XDSMM(20) .RHV(20) .PHIA(20) .RCHRVE(4) .DSP(4) .TLT(+) .ICAVZ(20)
     *UELETE GDL.260
            00 173 IZER0=1+20
     *OELETE GDL.314
           DO 177 IZEPO=1+17
     *INSERT S0077CY1.165
                        JITTERS THE BEAT AN ANGLE ANGUIT
                 = 23
                       DUMMY - LINE 240 IS TEMPURARILY STORED IN JITTER (FLOW.
     C
                 = 24
                 = 25 DUMMY - LINE 250 IS TEMPORARILY STORED IN JITTER IFLOW.
                       DUMMY - LINE 260 IS TEMPUNARILY STORED IN JITTER IFLOW.
                 = 26
     #INSERT CORR2./
            DATA IJTR-JITANG-JITDIS /0-0.0-0-0/
     *UELETE GDL.295.50077CY1.167
           / 15/ 17/ 18/ 19/ 20/ 21/ 22/ 23/ 24/ 25/ 26/
           x - 150 - 170 - 180 - 190 - 200 - 210 - 365 - 230 - 240 - 250 - 260) - IFLOW
     *ULLETE GDL. 325.SUG77CY1.168
           / 16/ 17/ 18/ 19/ 20/ 21/ 22/ 23/ 24/ 25/ 26/
           x+160+170+180+190+200+210+365+230+240+250+260)+IFL9#
     *INSENT GUL . 243
            NAMELIST /JITTEH/ JITANG+JITDIS
                 JITANG = THE ANGLE OF JITTER (IN MICRORADIANS)
JITDIS = THE DISTANCE PROPAGATED SUCH THAT THE JITTER
```

SIGMA IS JITANG\*JITDIS\*1.E-A

```
*UELETE GUL.327
  1+PTUI = HTU1 0ES
      TE( .NOT . INIT) GO TO 231
      READ (IN.JITTER)
      AHC(A.IJTH.1) = JITANG+1.E-6
      ARC(6.[JTR.2) = JITDIS
  231 SIGXY=ARC(6.IJTR.1) +ABC(6.IJTR.2)
      WRITE (6.1836) AHC(6.1JTH.1).SIGAY
 1836 FORMAT (45H **** REAM JITTER MODEL CALLED ****.STD DEVIA.
     XZ3HTION ANGLE (RADIANS) = .Gl2.5.8%, P: STD DEVIATION (SIG4Y) = ...
     XG12.5)
      NOW 1=1.NOR
  233 US([J]) = CUR(2+IJ-1)++2 + CUR(2+IJ)++2
      DX = X(2) - X(1)
      CALL JITHEG(DX.SIGXY)
      BON - 1=1 - NOB
      LI#S = LILI
      CUR(IJIJ-1) =50HT(US(IJ))
  235 CUR(IUIU) = 0.0
  240 CONTINUE
  250 CONTINUE
  250 CONTINUE
      IGNAL = 1
      60 TO 444
*INSERT GOL.32
      FAUIVALENCE (US(1) + CFIL(1)) + (CUH(1)*+CU(1))
      DIMENSION 45 (INSH4) (CUR (32764)
*INSERT GOL.15
     X .US.CUR
REAL JITANG JITUIS
      00 174 T[=1.NPTS
  134 \le ([I]) = XSAVE([I])
*UELETE QUAL.>
      SUBPROUTINE QUAL (IPHASE+ISAVE+IPLF+TITLE+PH+ANS+NH+RF+SIGANG)
*INSERT QUAL.11
     DATA PT/3.14159266/
PULLETE BUAL-107
   63 IF (SIGANG-1.F-9) 70.70.46
   46 SIGXY=FOSIGANG
      WHITE (6.1836) SIGANG
 1836 FORMAT (45H **** HEAM JITTER MUDEL CALLED ****STD DEVIA+
     KIAMTIUN ANGLE = + G20.5 )
      CALL JITHAG (DXSAVE+SIGXY)
      UMAXEU.
      00 64 J#1.4PTS
      J1=(J-1) =NPTS
      00 AR T#1+HPTS
      17=1+J1
      TF (UMAX.GF.US(IZ))GO TO AN
      UMAXEUS (IZ)
      XPEAKEX([]
      YPF 4K=X(J)
      1214=2017
      CUR(IZ(Z=1) =50HT(U$(IZ))
      CUR(1217) = 0.0
   AB CUNTINIE
   70 HMXK=HMAX/1000.
PINSERT MAIN. 300
      SUBROUTINE JITPHG (DX+STGAY)
      THIS SUMPOUTINE MODIFIES THE FAR FIELD INTENSITY DISTRIBUTION
```

```
MODEL THE EFFECTS OF HEAR JITTEM. THE JITTEM IS ASSUMMED TO
      GAUSSIAN. SINCE THE HESILTING INTENSITY IS THE CONVOLUTION OF THE UNDISTURBED INTENSITY WITH THE GAUSSIAN. THE OPERATION IS PERFORME
C.
C
      BY THE FET ON FACH FUNCTION ALUNE. MULTIPLYING THE HESULTS.
C
      PERFORMING THE INVERSE FAT. JVF+6/24/76.
      LEVEL PACHACT
      COMPLEA CUICT
      CUMMON /MELT/CH(153H4) +U5(33024) +X(12H) +WL +NPTS+NPY+DRX+DRY
      CIMMON /CG/CILITION
      DIMENSION NADIZE
      DATA PT /3.141543/
      STEN + NETS + NETS
      D. A . HKHL
      ניט = מתכ
     July 10 A=1*A=120
          CI(M) = CMPLX (US(M) *0*0)
      10 PPW = PPW+US(M)
          NAU (1) =NPTS
          NND (2) =NPTS
         NAH = 20NPTSQ
         NP02=NP15/2
         CALL FOURT (CI+NAR+NNU+1)
         SIGEXP = 2.*(SIGAY * PI) **2
         SIDE=(x(NPTS)-x(1))/2. + UX/2.
         DF=.5/51DE
         70 20 J=1.NPTS
         Y54=((J-1) +0F) ++2
         See (4001-2744-L))=(27 (2044-19.L) 41
         JK=(J-1) 4NPTS
         00 20 J=1.NPTS
         x20=((1-1)+0E1++5
         IF ([.GT.NPU2) XSQ=(([-NPTS-1)*0F)**2
         K=[+JK
      PR CI(K)=CI(K) *FXP(-SIGEXP*(ASQ+YSQ))
         CALL FOURT (CI+NAR+NNU+ +1)
         UO 30 KK=1.NPTSU
         US (KK) =CABS (CI (KK) ) /NPTSU
      30 PPWN = PPWN+US(KK)
         DANEQC = DDM/DDMV
         DU 40 MM=1.NPTSU
      40 US(MM) = US(MM) +PWRFAC
         WHITE (6.100) PWHEAC
     100 FORMATIONSX. THE POWER HAS BEEN SCALED BY A FACTOR UF +. G12.5.
        X *IN SUPROUTINE JITHEG. *//)
         RETURN
         END
   PUELETE MAIN.60
         NAMELIST/QLOT/TITLE + IQLT + DH + ISAV + IPHASE + RRR + RF + STGANG
   *DELETE MAIN. 230
    210 CALL WIAL (IPHASE . ISAV . IULT . TITLE . RBH . AS . DB . RF . SIGANG)
  PINSERT MAIN. 22
         DATA SIGANG /0.0/
```

## APPENDIX B SOQ USERS GUIDE UPDATES JUNE 1978 TO JANUARY 1979

#### INTRODUCTION

This appendix documents those changes made to the initial SOQ code between June 1978 and January 1979. The changes incorporated in the code are those that have become generally useful for the physical optics simulation problems which have been solved using the SOQ code. The users guide updates are also prepared to clarify and correct the initial description of the SOQ code as documented and delivered to AFWL on 1 March 1978, in the Preliminary SOQ Users Guide. This document supercedes previous written material on SOQ code documentation. The organization of the SOQ Users Guide Updates is as follows:

#### Section BI

#### New Subroutines

- 1. Subroutine ZERN
- 2. Subroutine CPUTIM
- 3. Subroutine LISTER

#### Section BII

#### Code Changes/Correction

#### BI. NEW SUBROUTINES

#### 1. SUBROUTINE ZERN

Zernike polynomial terms give the SOQ code the ability to model mirrors with arbitrary surfaces. This subroutine also provides the determination of sensitivity of a given system to the level of these Zernike terms.

a. Relevant formalism -- The Zernike Polynomials are an orthogonal set of polynomials used to describe phase front aberrations. The low order terms of this set correspond to the low order Gauss-Seidel aberrations, such as piston, tilt, defocus, astigmatism, coma, and clover. A list of these polynomials, Z(k), is given in Table B-1.

TABLE B1. ZERNIKE POLYNOMIALS

k	z <sub>k</sub>	k	z <sub>k</sub>
1	1.0	13	$(4R^4 - 3R^2) \sin 2\theta$
2	Rcose	14	R <sup>4</sup> cos40
3	Rsine	15	R <sup>4</sup> sin40
4	$2R^2 - 1$	16	(10R <sup>5</sup> - 12R <sup>3</sup> + 3R) cosθ
5	R <sup>2</sup> cos20	17	$(10R^5 - 12R^3 + 3R) \sin\theta$
6	R <sup>2</sup> sin20	18	(SR <sup>5</sup> - 4R <sup>3</sup> ) cos30
7	$(3R^3 - 2R) \cos\theta$	19	(SR <sup>5</sup> - 4R <sup>3</sup> ) sin30
8	$(3R^3 - 2R) \sin\theta$	20	R <sup>5</sup> cos50
9	R <sup>3</sup> cos30	21	R <sup>5</sup> sin50
10	R <sup>3</sup> sin30	22	$20R^6 - 30R^4 + 12R^2 - 1$
11	$6R^4 - 6R^2 + 1$	23	$70R^8 - 140R^6 + 560R^6 - 210R^4$
12	$(4R^4 - 3R^2) \cos 2\theta$	24	$252R^{10} - 630R^8 + 560R^6 - 210R^4$
			+ 30R <sup>2</sup> - 1

The phase applied is

$$\Delta \phi = \sum_{k=1}^{24} 2\pi P_k Z_k(R,\theta)$$

$$= \Delta \phi (1,\theta)$$

$$\frac{r}{R_0} = R < 1$$

$$R > 1$$

(B1)

If the Zernike radius  $R_{\odot}$  is specified to be zero, it is a flag to set the phase identically equal to zero.

b. Fortran formalism -- Subroutine ZERN is called by GDL with IFLOW = 24. Namelist ZERNS contains the Zernike radius  $R_0$  as well as the coefficients of the Zernike polynomials to be applied P(I) I = (1,24).

Due to excessive use of the FRINGE program, one can also input fringe coefficients (PFRNG(1)), corresponding to the 24 Zernike polynomials to be applied. The PFRNG coefficients are converted to P coefficients in subroutine GDL.

NAMELIST /ZERNS/ RO, P, PFRNG
Argument List RO, P
Commons /MELT/
Externals None

IDENT ZRNIKE computer printouts follow.

```
LIE IT PHILLS
STUP IT JUNIAL
     HIRLATE SETTERSE
           1 [/Falsolontano[i, 1172no
     BILL STATE
                  = 24 AUDILY OF TO 24 THANKERS IN OMITS OF WAVES
     MINESTE STEEN AT A 1 414
     PINSPOT STOFFWARE
            LONGICAL FUTTHER OFF TO BODE BOOKS AND TABLORS AND AND ADSORGAIN
     SHIPMATTIC INSPINA
           JUDY A SENITRE
       240 [784: # 1784: * ]
[8 (200].[7][7] (0 0 0 244
            FHEHR # .FILSE.
            ... 2.4 Tal.24
       244 P(1) = 1.
            111 244 [2] . 34
       244 HEU-44 (1) = ...
            HEAD ( 1747 HUG)
            on 234 [2] . 35
       234 IF (Press)([]. F.D.) FulliGFact.
            [F (***) T*F (***F) **) *** 241
            4411- (44249)
       245 FOR 441 (25% - FOR INGE COFFETCIENTS HETTIN CONVERTED TO SOO ORDER- *2)
            위(j) # 이.
            0(2) = PF40: (1)
            महत्री क महत्राहर्त्री
            P(4) = 14 GM.(4)
            PIN) = PFUNCTO
            HIGH & PERMIGIST
            H(7) = PFH^{*}G(5)
            D(4) = Physic (7)
            0 (4) # PF weirs (3)
            P(14) = 2F20 ((10)
            # (11) # ₽F# Ar (#)
            P(12) = PF740(11)
            F(13) = PFHMG((2)
            P(14) = WERT (-(14)
            #(15) = +64 . . (17)
            -(14) = PF-----(14)
```

```
-(17) = DFU...(14)
      2(14) = PF24.([4)
      P(\{1\}) = PFP(\{0\}\{1\})
      2 (29) = 262 (6 (25)
      9 (21) = PF 3NG (2K)
      11 (12) = 4F4(1.(15)
      - (23) = FPR(5(24)
      \nu(24) = \nu \epsilon 0 \gamma_{i+}(35)
      [FUTS] = 0
      1)() 245 5=2(1.23
  2.6 TF (9F-956 (#) . (F.5.) TFP1ST = 1
      11 344 KEr 7. 14
 244 [F (MERICO (K) . F. a.) [FETS] = 1
      IF([FHIST.F4.1) WRITE(5.247)
  247 FOR MATURE . FAMILIES - FRINGE COFFFECIENTS OF ORDER 20 THROUGH 23++
     C . AND 27 THEOLIGH 34 APF [GNURED ./)
  1+1 ()() 242 [=1.24
  242 H/53VE ([+1/EHm) = H([)
      27544F (25+17F29) = 20
  244 CALL /EHM (#7564F (25.17544) .#7544F (1.1254N))
      Linual = 1
      50 10 444
MOELETE GOL.27
      014F4510M THLTS (50) +PZSAVF (25-10) +P(24) + [[PLT(29) +
     4 PERMITTILL (4) *MEVINS (6) *MAINUR (6) *ULLIT (6.50)
*USERT GOL.33
      114T4 P.PERNG/2440..3540./ . 64 / 5. /
+1:15FPT (411) . 243
      WAMPLINT //FWNS/ WOUPERNG
Ç
            HI = JEHNIAF HORMALIZATION HADIUS.
            " = ANNAY OF JEHNIKE COFFFICIENTS TO HE APPLIED.
           PENNIC & ARRAY OF FRINGE ZERNIKE CONFFICIENTS TO BE APPLIED.
* INSENT L'ROPI. THE
      SUMMOUTINE ZERN (ROVE)
      FEARE SOCIO
      COMMON JAFETY COM (12/64) . CFIL (16512) . X (12H) . WE . NPTS . NPY . DHX . DRY
      COMPLEX CHIL
      DIMENSION 2 (24)
      IF (40.E(4.0.) 30 T) 70
      90 100 [A=[* 104
      JI = ([Y-[]#40P[4
      150 = A(TY) 442
      90 100 Taml+ PTS
      ASU = X(1X)++2
      [NI) # 1x + 11
      H = SUNT (XSU-YSU)
      THEF = ATANP(x(TY)+x(1x))
      H = AMINI (D/HILL)
      CT . CUS(THET)
      C21 = COS(2.+THET)
      C3T = C05(3.076ET)
      Caf = C(15(4. +THFT)
      CAT = GUS (5.4 FHET)
      ST = SIMITHETI
      521 = 5[v(2.+1HFT)
      $11 = $14(3. + FHFT)
      541 # 514(4.474FT)
      551 = 514(5.074FT)
      UP = 4007
      11 2 Ueup
      H4 E H4H3
      H'S # HOME
      34 E 34HF
```

```
44 = 464BY
   4445H = 111H
   WEL = WILL . (2) *40(1 . P(3) *405[
         + P(4)*(2,*H/=1.)
         + P(E) +42+C21
                            + F(K) 442452T
         + w(7) +(4, 44 (-2, 44) +CT + W(4) +(3, 44 3-2, 44) +ST
  . .
         * # (3) ## (#C3T ... * # (13) ## 3#531
         + - - ( ! | ) = ( i) = 3 + - m - - - | 2 + i] - )
         - い(12) w(4.**44~3.*!?) *C2T - い(13) *(4.*!4~3.*!?) *S2T
         • P(]4)4848C4T
                            •
                                 2(15) #94#547
         + - ([A) + ([], +H5-12, +H3+3, +H) +CT
         + P(17) + (17. +PS-12. +P3+3. +P) +ST
         • F(1%) + (%, +4%-4, +6) +) +(31 + F(14) + (%, +4%-4, +83) +53T
         + 2(24) ##5#55T + P(21) ##5#55T
         · 6(22) • (20, •46-30, •94+12, •42-1.)
         · P(>1) + (70, +44=1+1), +P6+40, +44=20, +42+1.)
         + U(74) + (272.4810-611.444+560.444-210.484+30.482-1.)
    [1417 = [11]) = >
    111 = 111 42.41.151592054
    (05) = (05(0FL)
    STALL STN (OFL)
    (1+5+01) 407 = 240 )
    COM (1462-1) = 0 MS*COSO - COM (1N02)*STRO
tha co-constructs
                 = 014545[NO + CHR ([NO2) +COSO
    MUTTE (40,001) HILLIAM
SUB-FORMAT (MORE-WITCH PHASE COMMECTION APPLIED WITH MORMALIZATIONS
  A + DAUTHS OF ***19.4 /* COEFFICIENTS USED P(1)-P(24)**
  & . THE CONSISTENT WITH THE PHASE DUE TO THE NTH TERM HEING !!
  C 2014-24H HAT(Y) = 24P[48(N)47(N)//
   n a /(w) = PF()) a. | He. OF(THETA) ( HE(N) NORMALIZED TO 1. AT R=1.4//
  F (!x+5h2H+51)
   HET THERE
75 WORLS APTSOUPY
   30 40 [±] • 10H
    [[=]+]
    1 ! ~ 1 = 1 ! - 1
    CHH ([[M]) = ~]H!(CHU([[)****CHU([[M])***)
40 Con(([]) = 1.0
    will 15 + 15 + 460)
AND E MARTENZIALACTI PHASE HAS BEEN SET TO ZERO IN SUBROUTINE ZERNONN
    HF ( )H'
    F 15 1
```

#### 2. SUBROUTINE CPUTIM

Subroutine CPUTIM has been activated for the CDC computer to print out the amount of CPU seconds used by the kinetics package, which is driven by Subroutine REGAIN. On the Cyber 176 a system routine

A = Second(B)

returns the CP time since start of job, in seconds, to both A and B.

FORTRAN:

Argument List:

IT = 100\* time since start of program

Commons None

Externals None

IDENT CPUTIM computer printout follows.

```
IDENT (POTTM

*TIFUL CRUITA

*OFLETE A MMYS.20

SUMMOUTINE CRUITM([T)

IF = 100*SECONO(T)

*OFLETE AEGAIN.47

OFLET = (IFT4=15AT)/100.
```

# 3. SUBROUTINE LISTER

Subroutine LISTER was activated so that the output of the resonator. design program RESDES or an arbitrary file may be read internally and reprinted in the output of the SOQ code. LISTER reads an 80-column file, designated as Tape K, and reproduces it in the SOQ-designated system output file with pagination defined the same as on Tape K.

FORTRAN:

LISTER is called anytime IRSDS, is nonzero in namelist START. Argument List:

Commons: None
Externals: None

IDENT LISTER computer printout follows.

IDENT LISTER #THENT LISTER LISTER #OFLETE DUMMYS.23.DUMMYS.25 SUMPOUTINE LISTER(K) THIS HOUTINE COPIES TAPE K TO OUTPUT. C \*\*\* OTHENSION C (20) REWIND K 1 HEAD (K+5) TC1+C IF (EOF(K).NE.0.0) GO TO 15 5 FORMAT([1.2044) IF(IC1.E0.1) #411F(6.35) ##1TF (6.10) C 10 FOHMAT (11x.2014) C MEAD THE NEXT CARD GO TO 1

## BII. CODE CHANGES/CORRECTIONS

The code modifications and corrections included in the code are described below by their update file name. The reason for the change, the structure, and the listing are included below:

# 1. \*ID SOQMAP

Ċ

JITHAG

150

FAF C

This update provides a cross-reference map to the SOQ79128 code. The first section lists each routine in the order of appearance in the SOQ code with its commons and externals. Also given is a list of all routines that call it. The second section lists every common block in the SOQ code with the subroutines possessing that common block.

```
IDENT SIMAP
  WITH MIT SHUMAP
   MATH
      PIMSENT MATN.23
      C
           FULLOWING IS A MOAD MAP FOR THE 500 CODE CHOSS-MEFERENCING
           COMMONS AND EXTERNALS.
           MOTE: COMMONS IT LEVEL 2 ARE FOLLOWED BY "(2)".
      C
                                                              CALLED HY
      C
           HOUTTNE
                        CO-4 10N
                                         FKTEHMAL.
      C
            500
                         FST (2)
                                          CNSTAN
                         4FLT (2)
                                          PULVAG
                         PLTSTS.
                                          GOL
      C
                          INTTL
                                          1505
                                          LISTER
                          (df. de)
                          PYTYC
                                          LISTHO
                          HAHES
                                          HE AH
                                          DAFIAB
      C
                                          QUAL
```

FOHT

GOL

JUILL

GATNEY

KINET

MFLT (2).

(5) 80

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(	1505	_	-	500
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<b>.</b>	THREFT	-	_	HEGAIN
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(	COULLA	-	•	GAINXY
C				_
				601.
C				REGAIN
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Ċ	HCLOCK		-	nfah
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	AXION	HELT (2)	INTERP	GAL
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~	1-111-5	-	•	STHAG
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č	GALMEY	STANT	CPUTIM	CAVITY
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		240FT	KINET	
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۲			POWR	
Ċ			REGATM	
Ċ			RGRD	
C			HSTEP	
^			SLIVER	
C			SPIDER	
^			STEP	
С			THEOOM	
_			THERML	
C			<b>ΥΕΗΝ</b>	A = 7 (38)
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(		GEACTR		
C	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	MELT (S)	APH TH	GOL
<u>_</u>	MINHUM	หวายคับค		
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C	14.1.4	100 )P F	_	CATNAY
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r.	44 Am	TIME	NATE	
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	2042	•	-	GUF
Ċ	Primatiw	•	•	PLTDT
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	OUAL	9FLT (2)	CENHAR	504
~		514441	DHHT1L	
ċ			IPLOT	
è			PLIOT	
ć.			POWACh	
~			STEN	
c C			TILT	•
Č	HERATH	4FLT (2)	HLUMIT	GNL.
	-			

```
CC3 (2)
                                       CPUTIN
                     C445 (5)
                                       FUHS
C
                     66 AD
                                       HALNXY
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                                        120CYA
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                                       SIMPGG
C
                                        VINO
                     MELT (2)
       H(iH·)
                                                               GOL.
                     LENSY
       ROSN
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C
       LINTENH
                     LEMMY
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       40534
                     4FLT (2)
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C
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                     MELT (2)
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C
       SIFA
                                       FOURT
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                     HAY
r.
                     4FLT (2)
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                     STPLC4 (2)
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                     4FLT (2)
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~
       THERM
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       HARFS
                     500+30L
       CAVX (2)
                     CANITY
       CAV2 (2)
                      ALUMIT.CAVITY.FUHS.GAINXY.HEGAIN.SIMPGG
       (***)
                     CAVITY . AFGAIN
       Cit (2)
                     JITHHG
       FNERG
C
                     GAINXY . KINET
C
       FACIFH
                     HAINXY . KINET
       FST (2)
                     300
C
       GFACT
                     CAVITY + GAINXY + KINET + SIMP + G
                     SOU-CAVITY DENSY FURS GAINXY REGAIN
       OLAD.
C
       INITE
                     SUM-BUL
       LFNSY
                      DENSY-HOSH-LINTERP
       MEIT (2)
                     SOU. LITPHG: AFROW. APRTR. AXICON. CAVITY. CONFFE.
C
                      IF MSY . FIFLUS . GOL . [PLOT . 4[PROX . MODER . NEAP . QUAL .
                     WEGAT 4.PGHD. HOSNA. ASTEM. SLIVER. SMIDEH. STEP.
                     THEOD 1. THERME. TILT. ZERN
       11:31 - 5
                     HALLANT THE TAMES
       364441
                     CAVITY+GDL+4[RHOH
       PLISIG
                     SOO. THEOT . DOTHOT
       ひじこして
                     MATCHEY - KINET - MIX
       147
                      401
```

```
HAIF
                     HATMXY + KINE T. MIX
       SESCVA
                     CAVITY
                     MENSY
       SEGMEN
       SEGGOL
                     GAL
       STAUL
                     GAINXY . KINFT
C
       STPLCM (2)
                     STEP
       STPIWE
                     CAVITY . GOL . OUAL . STEP
C
       SVTYM
                     SOU. GOL
r
       T [ 14F
                     IF AH
       VIEN
                     MEAN
                     APRID.CAVITY.GOL.IPLOT.MIRROR.MODER.OUTPUR.
       WAY
                     OUTPUT . RSTEP . STEP . THEODM . THERML
                     GOL
C
```

# 2. \*ID ABCMAP

Current allocations of the ABC (I, J, K) array are presented here for ease in future updating.

```
IDENT AHCHAP
  PEDENT ARCHAP
   GOL
      #INSERT GOL.245
            FULL DEING IS A SUMMARY OF THE ARC ARRAY LOCATIONS USED
            IN GM .. AHC IS DIMENSIONED TO (14.20.4).
      C
             4-1C((1+1+1)
                              THROUGH
                                           AHC (8+1+1)
                                                             :
                                                                 IFLOW=6. CUTOUT
      Ċ
             440(1+5+1)
                                                                 DRY. DRY IN SOQ
                               THROUGH
                                           AHC (2+2+1)
      C
             AHC (1.14TH.2)
                              Тн⊭одGн
                                           AHC (14. IMIR. 2)
                                                                 IFLOW=2, MIRROR
             44C(10+[M[4+4)
      C
                              THROUGH
                                           AHC (13.1M[R.4)
                                                                 TFLUW#2. MIRROR
      ŗ
             44C(1.15TE9.3)
                               チョウンン(ラコ
                                           AHC (H. TSTEP+3)
                                                                  IFLUW=3, PROP
      Ċ
                               THROUGH
                                           AHC (8 - [AP + 4)
                                                                 IFLOWER APRTR
             AHC (1 . [AP . 4)
      Ċ
             48C(1.TDK.5)
                               THHOUGH
                                           AHC (10+10K+5)
                                                                 IFLOW=5. THLOOM
      r
                                                                 IFLOW=23. JITTER
             AHC (1.1JTR.h)
                               THROUGH
                                           (0+H1L1+5) 28A
      C
             AHC ([O. [WF4.6)
                                                                 IFLOW=15. REGRID
                                                                 IFLUW=17. THERML
      C
             ARC(1.ITHRML./) THHOUGH
                                           AHC (H. TTHHML . 7)
             AHC (1.IHSTP.H)
                               THHOUGH
                                           AHC (4. [45[P.8]
                                                                 IFLOW=20. RSTEP
      Ċ
                               THROUGH
                                                                 IFLOW=12. MULT
             AHC ( I +ML T + 4)
                                           A4C (2.MLT.4)
      Ç
      r,
      Ç
```

### \*ID PLTFIX

Ident PLTFIX modifies the printer-plotting package in the SOQ code. This new plot package:

a. Prints DCALC, IMAX, DCALC FLUX along with the location of the center of the beam (DRX, DRY) and the bottom of every iso-intensity plot

- Prints a blank for every value of intensity less than 0.01
   \*UMAX (UMAX is maximum intensity) and puts a border around the outside in column 1 of NPTS and row 1 to NPY
- c. Allows for selective plotting, based on the new namelist parameter KPLOT in namelists PLOT and QLOT.

```
TOPAT PLIFTS
  MINENT PETETX
   TPLOT
      #[NSFOT LROPI.64
            DCF = 0.
      PINGFUT LHIJPI.AA
            PCF = DCF + US(J)
      MINSPUT LUMPIAN
            DOF = DOF+(x(2)-x(1)) **/*FLOAT(NPTS/NPY)/1000.
      MOFFERTE LHOP1.86.E30P1.87
         IN APTIF (MAK) ANTHONYAXKONCFOURXONRY
          A FORMAT (12HO DEALC = .G11.5.44.7HIMAX = .G11.4.4X.6HDCALC .
           x 74FLUX = +311.57/24x+
      MOREFTE 190P1.45
       1500 [F ( * A X I S) WHITE ( 4.746)
      MONLETE GOL. 15H
            NAMELIST /PLUT/ KPLOT+TITLE+RADPLT
                  KPLOT = 44CUF. WHERE A.H.C.D.AND E ARE O UP 1.
      C
                                    PADIAL PLOTS
                       4 = 1
                                    ISDINIENSITY PLOTS
      C
                        + = 1
      r
                                    X - AXIS PLOIS
                       C = 1
      ^
                                    DIAGONAL PLUTS
                       0 = 1
                                    Y - AXIS PLUTS
                       F = 1
      *LISERT GOL.SOI
            RPLUT = 0
      ●IMSF21 GNE.50S
            IF (RADPLIANE . 0 . . AND . APLOT . FO . 0) KPLOT=11111
            IF (MADPLET.FO.D..AND.KPLOT.FO.O) KPLOT=1111
            [TPLT([PTT)] = KPLOT
      #NFLFTF GOL.510.GOL.511
            RPLOT = TIPLI([PTT)
            CALL [PLOT(KPEOT)
   THINT
      ·INSENT LANPI.30
            DIMENSION H(14) +XII(128)
      *INSERT LHOP1.35
            DATA HEARIK . DOT /IH . IH./
            DAIA 9 /1H .1HU.1H1.1H2.1H3.1H4.1H5.1H6.1H/.1HH.1H9.1H9.1H9.1HH.1HI/
      U1 = U5 (12) /UMAX
            [K = [U.#H] + 2
            [F(U): T.. 7]) [K=1
            IF (T.EU.1. (IR. T.EO. NPY) [K=14
            IF (J.FW.1.04. 1.E0.NPTS) TK=13
          2 XII(I) = H([f)
          4 #H[TF(6.3) (x[[(]).[=[.NHY)
          4 FINHAT (1x.124A1)
```

#MELETE L-ROP1.#7.L-ROP1.45

U1 = US([?]/MAX

[K = 10.\*U1 + 2

IF(U).LT...01) [K=1

IF([.FU.1.0R.[.FU.UPY) [K=14

IF(J..FU.1.0R.].FU.UPTS) [K=13

12 x[I([) = H([K)

14 wH([F(6.13) x(J).(X[[([].[=].VPY)

13 FORMAT([X.FIU.2.2.2(.6441)

## 4. \*ID ADDPRNT

This section of updates was included to add information on intermediate printout to CAVITY, STEP, GDL, and TILT:

- a. CAVITY The incoming and outgoing total flux at each gain/phase section is now printed.
- b. STEP At the beginning of STEP, current values for DRX, DRY, RAPTR, NREG, and WNOW are printed, and the incoming flux calculated. At the end of STEP, modified values of DRX, DRY, NREG, and WNOW are printed along with the percent flux lost during the propagation step. This last parameter (percent flux lost) indicates how much of the beam has been propagated out of the calculation mesh and, therefore, lost by windowing in S-space and K-space (Fourier Transform Space).
- c. GDL At the end of any IFLOW the code now prints out total DCALC FLUX, DCALC, and the location and magnitude of IMAX.
- d. TILT Subroutine TILT now prints out the mirror radius of curvature necessary to remove the beam radius of curvature found by TILT.

IDENT ADDREST

| TO ADDREST ADDREST | ADDREST ADDREST

```
MURLETE COVITY. 285
         AXMA = ZAMA
         AT IT = (COP (HYMY) 442 + COP (MXMX-1) 442) 4XF4CT
         POWH = POWH + XIMI
     41 114 (MX) = XTN1
        POWR = (PO)484(x(2)-x(1))4454FEOAT("HTS/48Y))/1000.
  MORLETE CAVITY.321
         JYJY = 24JY
         x\{tit = (tim(JY)Y) + + 2 + (tim(JY)Y + 1) + + 2) + xFACT
         POWA = POWA + A[NT
     44 US(JY) = (THE + US(JY)
         POHA = (POHA4(x(Z)=x(1)) ++2+FL741(NP15/NPY))/1000.
         WHITE (6.62) UNSINCAVNIPONHIPONA
     AZ FORMAT (7/3x+13+GA [N/PHASH SEGMENT+12+17H IN CAVITY NUMBER+12+
        XPHH HAS GEFN APPLIED. FLUX IN #.Gl4./.13H. FLUX DUT #.Gl4.7/)
  #I'ISFRT STEP.14
        DATA NAFGONNOS /001.J/
         IF (IPRNI.MF. 0) WRITE (6.1600) DAREAL HYPEAL HAPTH NREG. WNOW
   1030 FORMATISX. SEATERT IS SUBJOUTINE STEP. CURRENT PROPAGATIONS.
        X & PANAMETENS: 4.
                         =4.312.4.
        X /ドス・サレビス
        # /HK. MOHY
                         = + , 617 . 4 .
        DIMPHANTO X
                         = + + 312 . . .
                         =*.13.
        * JR4. MNRFG
        X /HK. +WN(IW
                         =0,012.4)
        SH43 = 0.
         20w4 = 0.
        NOH = NHTSAILHY
         00 400 T=1.40H
         11 = 241
    400 HOWS = POWE + COR(II-1)**? + COR(II) **?
         POWR = POWRE(X(2)-X(1)) **P*FLOAT(NPTS/NPY)/1900.
         [F(NHFH.FG.1.0H.MAFG.FU.Z) POWH = POHHZWNOW**2
  #EISERT STEP.234
         MOR = NETSAMPY
         EO 401 [=1.NO3
         I = 2 + I
     -01 POWA = FOWA + COP(II-1)+42 + COP(II)+42
         POWA = POWA*(X(2)-X(1))**2*FLOAT(NPT5/NPY)/1000.
         IF (NHEG. Fu. 1. DR. NRFG. FU. 2) POWA = POWAZWNOW##2
         URID = (DOMM-DOMM) /DOMMA:00.
         IF((ITH.FQ.0.), )R.019E6.E0.0).AND.IPRNT.NE.0) WRITE(6.3000)
        X DISPEAL OF THE ALL ORFER WOOM OF LP
    TIND FORMATIVES. *FRITING SUPPORTINE STEP. CURRENT PROPAGATION*.
        X + PAHAMETERS: ++
        X /HX. P(IHX
                                   z**()1/2.4+
                                   z*.012.4.
        X /HX. *04Y
        4 /HX. MHFG
                                   20. IA.
                                   #**(712.4*
        K \WX * #MUOM
        x /4x,+PFACFNT FLUX LUST =*+612.4)
   *OFLETE STEP.191
     16 FURMATIVAX.19H STRENT INTENSITY #.GIZ.5)
   . INSERT STEP. 255
         wN()w = 1.0
         IF ([PRNT.NF.ii) HR[TF(h. 31100) DIRFAL . HYREAL . NHFG. WNOW . DELP
   +[HSFHI STFP. 244
         *NO# = 1.0
GOL
```

```
*DELETE GOL. #47.60L. #48
         UMAX = U.O
         XMAX = X(1)
         YM4X = X(1)
         NO TH JEL NPY
         JI = (J-1) * NPTS
         00 78 1=1 MPTS
         IZ = I + JI
         XYINT = CU(I/) + CONJG(CU(I/))
         IF (UMAX.GT.XYINT) GO TO 7H
         TUTYX = XAMU
         AMAA = X(I)
         (L) X = XAP'Y
         PPW = PPW+XYINI
         IF (NHEG.FO.1.OH.NHEG.FO.2) UMAX=UMAX/WNOW++2
         UMAXK = UMAX/1000.
         ISOMETHER THE SOURCE TANGE
   POELFTE GOL. ANA
         IF(MSTEP.NF.1) #RITE(6.79) PPWK.DCALCP.UMAXK.XMAX.YMAX.HADMAX
   *DELETE GOL .A70
        XIIX =.G12.4/Hx.12HDCALC
                                      =+FH.2/Hx+12H[M4X
                                                               =.617.4.10X.
        x20HLOCATED AT (x.Y) = (.612.4.1H..612.4.1H).
        X /42X+9HAT HAD [US+612.5)
   *DELFTE GOL.H71
         IF ("STEP.FO.1) WRITE (6.774) PPWK.OCALCP. (MAXE. XMAX. YMAX. RADMAX
   *OFLETE GDL.873
        XUX =+1312.4/Ax +12MOCALC
                                      =+F8.2/Hx+12HIMAX
                                                               =+G12.4+10x+
        x20HL0C0TFD 41 (4.Y) = (+012.4.1H++012.4.1H)+
        x /42x+9HAT RANTUS+G12.51
   *OFLETE GOL.512.600.513
         IGHAL = 1
         GO TO 999
TILT
   *OFLETE CYCLE+.233
         IMUMBE = 2.*RADCHR
         IF (IPS.GF.2) WHITE (4.67) RADCUP. TWORLD
   *OFLETE CYCLE9.235
        x 10x+32HPHASE FUNT CURVATURE = RANCUR =+G12+4+3H CM/
        4 /10x++ NOTE - THIS CURVATURE CAN BE REMOVED WITH A MIRROR+/
        * 194.4 USTNO HADE =4.612.4.31H= 2.4HADEUR AS DEFINED AROVE = /
          - 10x++ NEGATIVE HANGUM IS A CONVERGING PHASE FRONT WHICH+./
          10x . CAN HE HEMOVED ALTH A COMVEX (NEGATIVE HADC) MIRROR. ...
        x 1:41)
```

# 5. \*ID SCLPWR

Ident SCLPWR modifies the IFLOW = 12 section of GDL to allow for scaling of the beam to a specific power TRANS.

```
35] POLD = ARC (1.4LT.4)

AMAG = ARC (2.4LT.4)

TRANS = POLD

IF (TDANS.1F.1.4) GO TO 359

POLM = 0.0

OO 356 17=1.40H

356 POLM = POLM + CO(TZ) + CONG(CO(TZ))

POLM = POLM + CO(TZ) + CONG(CO(TZ))

POLM = POLM + CO(TZ) + CONG(CO(TZ))

IF (NHEG.FO.1.0H.4HEG.FO.2) POLH=PNEW/WNOW++2

350 IF (TRANS.LE.1.0) POLH = XMAG++2

STUANS=SQRT (POLD/POLH)

WRITE (6.352) AHC (1.4LT.4).AHC (2.4LT.4)

*105ERT GOL.444

IF (TRANS.GF.1) IGNAL=1
```

## 6. \*ID TBLUM

Two errors in subroutine TBLUM are corrected by this ident. The following listing is self-explanatory.

```
[Obvil Taling

#TORNT THEOM

TOLOOM

#ORELETE [4000M.42

IF (Axial...) ARTIF (A.595) Axial

#ORELETE Taliom.as

( VI = (940...)50504 FA#2.#PIX(ARO*CP*I) 1##(1./3.)
```

# 7. \*ID REMSPH

Ident REMSPH allows the removal of defocus and/or tilt using a call to subroutine QUAL, and to continue with this optimized beam. This optimized field can be plotted and written to a local file specified by IWRITE.

```
IWRITE. FT.0 sets IW = IWRITE
IWRITE. LT.0 sets in IW = -IWRITE and returns to SOQ
immediately.
```

If desired, the non-optimized field can be read in using ISAV = 1 in namelist QLOT.

```
IF ([WH] IF .LT. I) IN = -[WHITE
         WHITE (Id) (Calle) . [x=1.0NOH) . x . OHX . OPT . NIT . SAVE
         GENINO IN
         WIRTE (A.SA) TI. TOHASE
     59 FORMATOZZANICO MAS MEFO WHITTEN ON UNITHOISOM FHOM QUALMO
        x # 411H [PHASE =#.12//)
         IF(TVRITE.GF.O) G) TO 50
          15441 = 1
          IF (KPLOT.GT.O) WRITE (6.3000) NETITL
          IF(KPLOT.GT.4) CALL IPLOT(KPLOT)
          IF (TSAVE .FQ. 1) READ (7) (CHILIX) . IX=1 . WOR) . X . DRX . DRY
         REATING 7
         HETHIN
     60
         CONTINUE
MATN
   MOFLETE MAIN. 227
    200 KPLOT=1000
         HEAD (5-QLOT)
```

# 8. \*ID CHGNPT

Ident CHGNPT increases the flexibility of IFLOW = 6 in two ways:

- a. Reoverlap the beam, letting the code find the original DCALC by setting DIBEAM = 0
- b. Change the number of points in the beam, by interpolation, by specifying NEWNPT and NEWNPY. On a subsequent call to START, set NNPTS equal to the value of NEWNPT or NPTS will be reset to the previous value of NNPTS.

```
INFALL CHERRY
  ATOMIT CHANNET
  GDL
     MIFLETE GITL . CHP
        150 [#FA=[WFA + 1
           HEAD (INOUF GRID)
            AHC (10.14FA.m) # -1040
        153 WIND = APC(10+INFA+A)
     MINSPHI CYCLES.A
           NPTS = NF AND [
            NAM # 1'FMVDA
           MUN = NHYWNFTS
      MINSFOR CYCLEG.3
           X . NEWNET - NEWNOY - IMINSM
            NEWIPT ALL MERIPY APE THE DESIRED NUMBER OF PULLTS
              SAMPLING THE FIFLE.
            IMIPSM = IMIN FOR THE CVM. DEFAULTS TO IMIN = 1.
              IT IS USED TO RENORMALIZE THE BAHE RESONATOR FEEDRACK FIELD.
     *INSPET GIN. 457
           MEMNET = 0
           NEWTHY = 0
           IMINCH = 1
```

```
MINSERT GOL . NO 4
      AHC(Nolo1) = NEWINT
       AHE (7.1.1) = ME INPY
       AHC (4.1.1) = THIDSM
       IF()I^{1}EAM_{\bullet}F_{1},0.) A^{1}C(1.1.1) = (x(2)-x(1))*FE()AT()PFS)
MORLETE GOL . 667
      NEW NET = AAC (A.1.1) +.01
      NF . IPY = AHC (7+1+1)+.01
       IMIRSH = ARC(R.1.1)+.01
       IF (NEWNET.FO.D) MEMMETENETS
       IF (MENNEY . EQ. O) MENNEY =NEY
       XOFE = HOTHMANE HIPTHE.
MOFLETE WILLIAMEN
      DU AZ [GHEZ+NF HNPT
MIELETE GOL. 604
      110 OF MARITURE MICHA
MUNICIPAL SUPPRING
      IND 64 MK=1-WEWHET
MORLETE AMAZA.17
      MEMININ = WEARINT AREMUIPY
       4N(0*50) = 1.
       IF (MHEG.FO.1.)K.HHEG.FJ.2) WIND 45Q=WMOW##2
      P()wA = P()wA/WANJWSH
       POWER = POWER/VERIMED
      1)(1 423 Ix=1+9F440H
```

#### \*ID MISCFX

This ident corrects minor errors and adds two parameters to namelist START.

- a. \*D GDL 384,385 This change in format compacts this part of the printout to 80 columns for 4 or fewer struts.
- b. \*D GDL 884, 885 This change removes the S from column 1 so that output can be put on microfiche. It also corrects an error in the BARE updates so that the CU field is read in at the end of a converged iteration.
- c. \*D CORR 1.23, 24 This change removes \$ from column
  1 in the output.
- d. \*D JITTER .83, 86 This change updates the indices in the ABC array which were defined originally in reverse order.
- e. \*D BARE .11 This change corrects the size of the loop from MUT to NOB.

- f. \*D Cycle 9. 119, 120 Previously for IPS = 2, the iteration counter KOUNT was not updated.
- g. \*I Cycle 9.99 Focal \* 1.E50 defaults the radius of curvature of the beam to "infinity."
- h. \*I STEP .40 This change activates the IIPS ≠ 0 option in STEP. Setting DELZ = 0 allows the removal of tilt and/or calculated sphere without propagating the field.
- i. \*D GDL .827 This statement was redundant.
- \*D BARE .86 The parameter RGAIN allows the option of not calling REGAIN at the end of an iteration.

The parameter IFLGAP is included so that aperture loads are printed for all apertures in the optical train.

```
THE ST MISCES
  ATTE IT MISCEX
        THIS IN COMMECTS MEMOR ERHORS AND ADDS MARAMETERS TO
        WATELIST START.
 GOL
    PRINCE GOL . 344. GOL . 345
          INC. OF STRUTS=.12.24.124 X-Y CENTER=.610.4.14..410.4.72x.
          2 1 3HHUH UT SMF TEH=+G10.4+3X+7HTHETAS=+6U10.4)
    POPLATE GOL. SHA. SOL SHA
      ADD FOR 101 (1/1 x + 114 (1 45) // 33H
                                                 ITERATION IS CONVERGED .
          * AH AFTHROLGOLGH ITHRATIONS
                                          //lx+;19(1H+)//)
          MEAD (4) (CH(TZ)+T/=1+NOR) +X+OHX+HHY
          HEATNO 9
 LISTAU
    MUELETE CIRKL.23.COURT.24
          #14.4HCAHO.15x.10([H]).10(1HP).10([H4).10([H4).10(1H4).10(1H5).
          =10(196).10(197).194.278 COLUMN.4X.8(1981234567890).5X.
    POPLETE STITEMON ++STITTEMON
           AHC(1.1UTG.) = UTTAMG#1.F=h
           ARC(2.1JTH.6) = HTOIS
      231 STORY = A-C(1.1JT4.A) #ARC(2.1JT4.A)
           WRITE (M. 1936) AHC(1.[UTR.6).SIGXY
 CAVITY
    MORLETE HAWE . 11
      199 #917F(7) (CH(1Z) *12=1*NOF)
```

```
TILT
   40FLFTE CYCLF4.114.CYCLF4.120
      25 KOINT = KOINT+1
         TF (195.5 ... 2) 30 TO 54
   * MISENT CYCLE 4.44
         FOCAL = 1.550
STFO
   PINSER! STEP. 40
         HADCUR = HADCAR
         TE (DELZ.ED.O.) RETURN
GAL
   POELFTE GOL. 427
   POPLETE HARF. 85
         IF (PGAIN) CALL MEGATA (NCT. MITEP)
401.1
   #145F91 M414.13
         LOGICAL HEATN
   PINSFUL AAHF.4
         IPSOS IS THE TAPE NUMBER OF THE BO-CULUMN FILE TO BE COPTED TO
                   WITH IT BY LISTED. IF INSUS=0. LISTER IS MOT CALLED.
         HGATH = . FALSE. TURNS OFF THE CALL TO HEGAIN IN TELOW=7.
   #[45FPT 44[N.]54
         HGGIN = .THUF.
         18505 = A
         IFLGAP = "
   #INSERT MAIN. 221
         TFL FAP = 1
   MIELFTE HAWF. +
        A . I RAHE . PLOTS . HGA [N. IRSDS
   *INSERT MATN.7
         COMMON /SVTYM/ RGAIN+IFLGAP
GDL
   *I ISPRT SUL-17
         COMMON ISVIYMI HEATN. IFLEAP
   MUFLETE GOL. HOT
         IF (TCHTL.ED.1.AND.IFLGAP.FD.0), GO TO 998
```

# 10. \*ID FXQUAL

The quality program has been updated to include more options and more printouts. See also \*ID PROP and \*ID RMVSPH for other additions to QUAL

- a. IPRNT. This parameter was added to suppress the additional STEP output (from \*ID ADDPRNT) when STEP is called from subroutine QUAL. It was also added to namelist PROPGT for the same purpose.
- b. The output of the focal plane search was modified to print out more information.
- c. Additions to OLOT

RBB (New meaning)

IWRITE (see \*ID RMVSPHP)

PROP (see \*ID PROP)

IRYFF

KPLOT

I TABLE

ICTRD

(1) RBB:

If RBB is input as other than one, QUAL will find the quality information for RBB  $(R\lambda/D)$ 

- (2) IRYTFF.GT.O writes far field to unit IRYTFF
- (3) KPLOT.GT.O plots the far field by calling IPLOT (KPLOT)
- (4) ITABLE = 0 finds quality table and plots information
  - = 1 does not do the above
- (5) ICTRD is used for ITABLE = 0,
   = 0 chooses the optimal focal length
   based on the highest 1.0 Rλ/D quality
   about IMAX, then constructs the quality
   table based on the better of the two
   beam qualities at that focal length
   (Default and same as previous).
   = 1 calculates quality table about cen-
  - = 1 calculates quality table about centroid for optimum.
  - = 2 calculates quality table about IMAX for optimum.
  - = 3 finds the optimum value about either centroid or IMAX chosen for the highest 1.0R\(\lambda/D\) quality.

```
IDENT FAHUAL
 *TOENT FXOUAL
  JUAL
      *INSERT UTTTEH-124
       - *** UMXI IS THE EAR FIELD CENTERLINE INTENSITY DUE TO A PLANE WAVE
            APPRICIATED TO A DIAMPTER OR WITH A CONVERGING LENS OF FOCAL LENGTH
            E APPLIED AT THE GEAR FIFLD. THE TOTAL POWER IN THE APPRIURED
            PLANE WAVE IS THE SAME AS THAT OF THE CURRENT CU FIELD.
      *INSERT CYCLEG.17
            COMMON /STROWL/ TRANT
  GDL
      *INSFHT GOL.120
           THUUT. x
      *[NSFRT GOL.13#
            IPHNT IS A FLAG FOR PRINTING NAFG AND WNOW FROM STFP
                 = 0 DON! PRINT
      C
                 = 1
                      PHINT (")FFAULT)
      *THISERT GOL.581
            [PHNT = ]
      *INSPRT GOL.590
            AHC (H. ISTEP. 3) = TPRNT
      *INSFRT GDL.593
            IIPRNI = AHC(A+ISTEP+3) + .001
      #INSERT GIL.IA
            COMMON ISTPOWED TIPHAT
  MITAL
      *THSERT UTTTER-126
            IF (KPLOT. GT. 7) WRITE (6.3007) FFTITL
       BOOM FORMAT([H1.2084//)
            IF (KPLUT.NF.A) CALL IPLOT (KPLUT)
            IPHAT = I
            IF([HYTEF.NF.0]) WHITE([RYTEF) (CU([X).[X=1.NOA).x.DHX.DRY.NIT.SAVE
            IF(TRYTFF.NE.O) REWIND INTIFF
            IF (THY IFF. NE. 0) WHITE (6.800) INYTEF
        HAGO FORMAT(10x. FFAR FIELD HAS BEEN WRITTEN TO UNIT++14)
   STEP
      MINSENT STEP.N
            COMMON /STEWWI / TPRAT
   CAVITY
      *[ ISFRT CAVITY.9
            COMMON /STPUWL/ TPUNT
      *INSERT CAVITY.102
            IPHIT = 1
   DUAL
      *INSENT JITTEH.194
                                   . 4HFAH . 4HFIEL . 4HD PL . 4HOTS . 244H
            DATA FETTIL /14#4H
            DATA NETITL /14044
                                   . 4HI)PTI. 4HMIZF. 4HI) FI. 4HFLI) . 244H
            DATA SAVE /1000./
            IPHNT = 0
            ⊒A1 = 1.0
            H45 = 5.0
      +TYSEAT WHALLIA
      C *** ISAVE = 9 : PEAD IN FAN FIELD FROM UNIT 4.
      +['45FRT wild, . 1H
      T *** ISAVE # 1 : SAVE NEAR FIELD ON UNIT /.
      *[45FRT AUAI .2]
```

C \*\*\* WRITE OU FIFL'S WITH LENS APPLIED (FOCAL LENGTH F) TO UNIT 1.

C \*\*\* ISAVE #=1 : HEND MEAR FIELD FROM UNIT 4.

\*INSERT CYCLE9.26

PUFLETE WHAL . 112

```
CALL POWWOW ("PTS-1) A. X-115. XPEAK. YPEAK. RRI. PRH)
      IF(ISTEP.FU.A) CALL POWWOW(NPTS.DX.X.US.XPEAK.YPEAK.PRS.PRRS)
      IF (ISTEP.FQ.5.AND.RR.NF.1.)
     X CALL HOWWOW (MPIS+DX+X+US+XPEAK+YPEAK+RH+PRRRH)
*DELFTE QUAL.121-QUAL.127
      WHITE (A.132) UHI.PHK.XCINT.YCINT.RHI.PRK.UMXK.XPFAK.YPFAK.
                    PWSAVK.DR.STREHL
      IF (RH.NE.1.)
     X 4H[IF(6+132) HH-PRHHHK-XC[NT-YC]NT-HH-PRRHK-UMXK-XPEAK-YPEAK-
                    PWSAVK.DH.STREHL
  132 FORMAT(//15H OCALC FLUX IN +F5.2.6H HL/D=+G12.4+* ABOUT CENTROID++
     X12X+11HCOURDINATES+2612.4/15H DCALC FLUX IN .F5-2-6H RL/D=+612.4+
     *14H ABOUT TMAX OF+912-4-12H COORDINATES+2012-4/13H TOTAL DCALC +
     X54FLUX=+612.4+6X+22H
                            HFFERENCE DIAMFTER=+F6.2+/
     x 194 STHFHL IMIENSITY =.G[1.4/)
      HUSENT = PRRSK/PWSAVK+100.
      HOSCHT = PRHSK/PWSAVK#109.
      WRITE(6.6010) HUSENT.HUSCNT
6010 FORMAT(/lox.@NOTE: CENTROID AND IMAX COORDINATES ARE ING.
     X + CENTIMETERS+//+ HQ ABOUT IMAX FOR SHL/D=+.GI2.4.
     x lox. * PO AHOUT THE CENTROLD FORM SHL/D=+.G12.4/)
*NELETE DUAL . 114
      CALL POWWOW (MPTS. DX. X. US. XCINT. YCINT. PHI. PHH)
      ZLOSQ = ZLO+ZLD
*INSERT QUAL-120
      IF (ISTEP.NF.A) GO TO 2000
C *** FIND POWER IN SHLVO.
      CALL POWWOW (NPTS.DX.X.US.XPEAK.YPEAK.RBS.PRRS)
      CALL PUWWO + (NPTS+0X+X+US+4CINT+YCINT+HA5+PRRS)
      PHRS = PHRS+/LUSA
      PRHSK = PR45/1000.
      PHH4 = PHH5+7LD54
      PRASK = PRAS/1000.
      IF (44.EQ.1.) GO TO 2000
 *** FIND POWER IN SHAREND
      CALL POWWOW (NPTS+0)X+X+0)S+XPFAK+YPEAK+RR+PRRRHH)
      CALL POWWOW (MPTS+))X+X+US+XCINI+YCINI+RB+PRHRR)
      SEEGH = BARRHAN USJ
      PRESENT = PERHAY[000.
      PRHAH = BAMHA+SFU24
      РИБРИК = РИЧРА/1000.
C *** YETURN TO CENTIMETERS FOR OUTPUT.
 2000 ACINT = ACINT+ZLP
      YCINT = YCINT#ZLD
      APEAK = XPEAK+ZLD
      YPEAK = YPEAK+7LD
      PH(ISTEP) = PAK
      HUINT = PRR/PYSAVE+100.
      HOCHT = PRR/PUSAVE+100.
      IF (UHOP.NE.0.0) GO TO 360
MORLETE CYCLEU.44.CYCLEU.44
      [F(]STEP.F3.1) ##[TF(6.59]0)
                        FLUX-(HG) IN 1#RL/U AHOUT
 5 110 FORMATI//334.30H
     * 124 THISE FUCAL AT SHIFT OF AL ANX A BOH
                                                 XAMI
                                                             CENT
     X AX. GH STHE II.
                    •/
            LENGTHS ... HANDH FL IX HAX BOH (APPAK LYPEAK)
                                                          (XCINT+YCINT)
     (-H1)P1+X1\YT1SHTM]HU+KP K
      WHITE (5.5920) ISTEP.F. PWSAVK. PRK. HUINT. PHK. HOCNT. STREHL.
                    XPFAK.YPFAK.XCINT.YCINI
 5020 FORMAT(/3H F.[].1-=-G[?.4-2x.F7.2-7x.]H -F7.2-1H(.F4.1-1H).2x.
     x F/o201H(0F40102H) onxoFQ04/33X0[H(0F5030]H00F6030]H)o
```

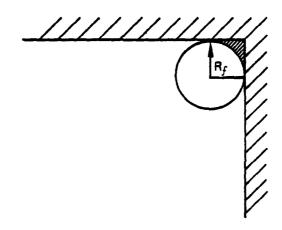
```
x ] x + 1 H ( + F A . 3 + 1 H + + F A . 3 + 1 H ) )
PRELETE CYCLE9-17
     x .FHM(5).P(6).PH(6).XSAVF(12H).FFT1TL(20).NFTITL(20).SAVE(10)
MORLETH CYCLEG. 61.0YCLEG. 65
      POPTH = -100.
C *** FIND EUCATION OF MAXIMUM QUALITY AROUT IMAX.
      DO 370 [=1.5
      IF(P(I)+LE+POPF) 30 FO 370
      1)14 = 1404
      ISV = I
  370 CONTINUE
C *** FIND LOCATION OF MAXIMUM QUALITY ABOUT THE CENTROID.
      Di) 375 [=1.5
      IF(PR(I).LF.POPTR) GO TO 375
      POPTH = PP(I)
      [SVH = I]
  375 CONTINUE
C ... DETERMINE FOCAL LENGTH FOR OPTIMAL CALCULATION
      IF (ICTHO.FO.O.OH. [CTRD.EQ.2) IOPT=ISV
      IF (ICTRO.EC.1) IOPT=ISVA
      IF (ICTHO.MF. O GO TO 380
      10PT = 15V
      IF(POPTH.GT.POPT) [OPT = [SVH
  AAO FORT=FAM(TORT)
*DELETE QUAL.131
      IF (ICTHU.FO.1.OR. ((ICTRD.EQ. 1.OR. ICTHD.EQ.0).AND.PRR.GT.PRR))
     x 60 TO 53
PRELETE QUAL . 136
  53 IF (ITAHLE.EU.1) 30 TO 345
      WRITE (6.55) KCINT.YCINT.F
  SS FORMATIZZX. THE FOLLOWING QUALITY TABLE IS FOUND ABOUT .
     * * FOUNDINATES (**612.4+1H**612.4+*) FOR F =**612.4)
      XCINT = XCINIVZLO
      YCINT = YCINT/ZLO
      CALL PLINT (NPTS+NX+X+UMAX+4++US+TPLT+
MOELETE UTITEM.103
      SUPPORTING QUAL (IPHASE . ISAVE . IPLT . TITLE . RH . ANS . DA . RF . SIGANG . PROP
                        <PLOT.INHITE.ITABLE.ICTRD.IRYTFF.NIT)</pre>
*NELETE UTTTER.2
      NAMELIST/ULOT/TITLE.[QLT.DR.1SAV.IPHASE.PAR.RE.SIGANG.PROP.
     x KPLOT. [WHITE. [TAHLE. [CTRO. [HYTER
HINSPUT MAIN.HO
      PHOP EO. PERFORMS FOCAL LENGTH OPTIMIZATION
      PPOP-GT-0. CALCULATES QUALITY FOR THE NOMINAL FOCAL LENGTH ONLY.
      PROP.LT.A.
                  CALCULATES QUALITY FOR THE CHOSEN FUCAL LENGTH
                   (F = -PQUP) (INLY.
      IMMITE. 61.0 SETS IN # IMMITE
      IMPRITE .. LT. O SETS IN =- LAHTTE AND HETURNS TO SOO IMMEDIATELY.
      IRYTEF.GT.0 WHITES THE FAR FIELD TO UNIT IRYTEF
      KPLOT-GT-0 PLOTS THE FAM FIELD MY CHLLING IPLOT (KPLOT) -
      ITARLE . O FINDS HIALITY TABLE AND PLOTS INFORMATION
             = 1 DOES NOT DO THE AROVE
      ICTRD
              IS USED FOR ITABLE = 0.
            = 0 CHOOSES THE UPTIMAL FOCAL LENGTH HASED ON THE HIGHEST
                THE ZO QUALITY AROUT IMAX. THEN CONSTRUCTS THE QUALITY
                TABLE MASED ON THE BETTER OF THE TWO REAM QUALITIES.
                AT THAT FOCAL LENGTH. (I)FFAULT AND SAME AS PREVIOUS)
            = 1 CALCULATES QUALITY TAHLE AHOUT CENTROLD FOR OPTIMIM.
            = 2 CALCULATES QUALTLY TABLE ABOUT IMAX FOR OPTIMUM.
            * 3 FIND THE OPTIMUM VALUE ABOUT EITHER CENTROID OR IMAX
                CHOSEN FOR THE HIGHEST INLIN QUALITY.
```

```
*NELFTE JITTEH.3
     210 CALL THAL TIPHASE . ISAV . INLT . TITLE . PHH . AS . DH . HE . SIGANG . PROP .
        x KPLOI-IMPITE-ITABLE-ICTRD-IRYTEF-NII)
         PP0P = 0.0
         RPLOT = 0
         HH =1.
         LAWLIF = 0
         LAYTER = 0
         ITABLE = 0
         10140 = 0
         IFLGAP = 1
   PINSFRI MAIN. /2
         DATA SIGANG /0.0/
         DATA PHOP 70.07
         DATA KELOT-INPLIF-14YTEE /U-0-0/
         DATA TIMHER + ICTHO YOUR
PLTOT
   *INSERT PLIOT.53
         WALTE (50.2000) TITLE
    2300 FOR 4AT(1x.70A4.//, 4x. MHL/D4.5x. MFRACTION#/)
   *INSERT APH26.33
         00 2025 T=1.30
    2025 WRITE (50.2024) HRD (1).PWA (1)
    2424 FOHMAT (3x+F4.1+5x+F4.5)
```

# 11. \*ID FILAPR

Ident FILAPR increases the generality of the aperture routine APRTR by adding filleted apertures.

The outer fillet works by putting a circle in each of the four corners of radius  $R_f$  (input as RFOUT or RFMOUT).



The lightly shaded region is removed by a regular rectangular aperture, while the heavily-shaded portion indicates the region removed by the fillet. A central obscuration can be applied in a similar fashion. The result is a rectangular aperture with rounded corners:



The input was a list of names for RFIN for namelist APTUR and RFMIN for namelist MIROR.

Subroutine APRTR has also been modified such that it now prints out maximum intensity on both the central obscuration, as well as on outer aperture.

The bare resonator normalization aperture has been generalized to include the fillet as well as being any particular mirror number IM.

\* [DENT FILAPR

IN FILAPH INCOMPONATES THE UPDATES FROM PHAZORD IN WEST PALM HEACH. FLOHIDA TO ADD TO THE ARTLITY OF THE APERTURE POLITINE TO APPLY A FILLETED APERTURE.

APHTR MORLETE APPRIX.21 AMXIN = 0. AMXOUT = 0. XMX[N = 0. AMADUT # 0. MIAMY = 0. YMADUT # 0. MINLETE APRELX.51.APRETX.54 [FIT[N.FU.]] GO TO SO \*\*\*\*\* ITN = 0 FOW OUTER APERTURE AMERICAN E AMAKI (ATHE AMXOUT) IF (AI'IT .NF . ANYOUT) GO TO 60 K # THEXME YMXI)UT = Y (p) F() 50

```
C 4444 [IN = 1 FOR INNER APPRITURE
    \neg 0 \quad \Delta M \times I N = \Delta M \times \lambda \times 1 (\Delta I M T + \Delta A X I M)
             IF (AINT .NF .AMXIN) GO TO SU
             YMA[N = Y
    40
           CONTINUE
MIFLETE APHETX.AR.SPHETX.91
            IF(T[N.EQ.1) GO TO 70
C ***** IIN = 0 FOR OUTER APERTURE
            (THORMA-THIA) [ KAMA = IU(KMA
             IF (AINI.NF.AMXOUT) GO TO 40
            XMXOUT = Y
             YMADUT = Y
            GO TO 80
    +++++ IIN = 1 FOR INNEH APERTURE
    70 - \Delta MXIN = \Delta MAX_1(\Delta INT \cdot \Delta MXIN)
             IF (AINT-NE AUXIN) GO TO 90
             X = WIXMX
            YMXIN = Y
    AO CONTINUE
PHELETE APPETA. 102. APPETA. 105
             AMXIN = AMXINGFXF/1000.
            AMADOT = AMADOT#FXF/1000.
             IF (WOISK . N.F. W. . . OP . YDISK . N.F. O.) WHITE (6.310) WAXIN . AMXIN . AM
     ALO FORMATION THE MAX INTENSITY ON THE INNER APERTURE PLATE IS .
          C + IMAX= +.813.5/+ AND [S LOCATED AT X= +.F13.5.+. Y= +.F13.5)
             IF (PAPHTO.NE.O..OP.YAPHTO.NE.O.) WHITE (6.320) AMXOUT.XMXOUT.YMXOUT
     APO FORMATION THE MAX INTENSITY ON THE OUTER APERTURE PLATE ISPA
          C + 144x= +.613.57+ AND IS LUCATED AT X= +.F13.5.++ Y= 4.F13.5}
MIFLETE APHELX.1
            SUMPORTING APPER (HPRIMISHOISK L. XPOS. YPOS. YAPRIR. YDISK.
           X XAPHTH + XIITSK)
PHIFLETE APPFIX. - APPFIX. A
            MODIFIED BINITE BY P. FILEGER FOR RECTANGULAR APERTURE OF
            WINTHER * XAPPIN AND HEIGHT= 2+YAPPIN AND A CENTRAL
            OHSCHRATION HATTO OF WIDTH=2+XDISK AND HEIGHT=2+YDISK.
            WHEN HECTANGULAR APERTURES (UR SQUARE) ARE USED. RAPHTR AND
            RUISK HECOME PAULT OF CHRYATURE FOR EILLETING THE APPRIURE
            AND CENTRAL ORSCHRATION CORNERS RESPECTIVELY.
*INSERT APHETX.15
            RAPUTU = HUNTRI
            BUISK = HUISKI
MOFLETE SHAPE. 3.50424.A
            HO = > . #YAPKIR
            HI = 2. TYDISK
            PIRGARE.S = OK
            at = 2. * Kntsk
MOFLETE SOAPH.H.SUAPH.13
 1000 FORMATIVERH CIRCULAR APERTURE APPLIED //
                             194
                                         DITSINE PANTUS = . GLZ.4/
                             1 4+4
                                         INSTOR HAUTUS # + GIZ-4)
  1001 FOWMAT (/ 414
                                         RECTANGULAR APERTURE APPLIED //
                            OUTSIDE DIMENSIOUS ARE +612.4.9H HIGH BY +612.4.5H WIDE!
          1 264
               254
                            INSTAR DIMENSIONS ARE .GIZ. 4.9H HIGH BY .GIZ. 4.5H WINE)
            (F (HAPHTH.NE.A.) WHITE (6.1004) HAPHIH
  1004 FORMAT (24H
                                      FILLET MANTHS
                                                                                   = .612.4)
             [F(ANISK.NF.O.) WAITF(5.1095) ANISK
  1005 FORMATIZAM
                                     HISCHALLUN HADLUS
                                                                                 = .612.4)
            WRITE (A. 1004) XPOS. YPUS
                                     XPOS = +612.4./10H
                                                                                  YPUS = .612.4//)
  1003 FORMAT(10H
            IF (YAPRIR.FO.D.O) GO TO 250
```

```
·INSERT SOAPH.1
               ##ITF(6+1003) KM05+YM05
MOPLETE APHELX.32
               IF (IIN.EQ.O.AND.R.GE.RAPHTR) [HTCK=1
               IF (ITN.EQ. I.AND. R.LF. HDISK) INTCK=1
MORLETE APHEIX. 63. APREIX. 64
               A = XAPHIP
               H S YAPHTR
               AS = A - HAPHTH
               45 = 4 - HAPUTH
              HAD = HAPPTH
POPULLE APPRIX.70
               IF ((AHS(X).GE.XAPRIR.OR.AHS(Y).GE.YAPHIR).AND.IIN.EG.D) INTCK = 1
               IF((AHS(x),LF,XDISK,AND,AHS(Y),LF,YUISK),AND,IIN,FQ,1) INTCK = 1
# [MSFUT APRFIX.77
              IF CAMENIAGE AS AND YMTH AGE HS) GO TO 400
WINLETE APPETA.79
              IF (4MAX.LE.A.OH.YMAX.LE.A) GO TO 200
MUSEUFTE APRETA.90
               IFIXMAX.LE.A. OH. YMAX.LE.A) GO TO 200
MIFLETE NAME (X.44.40HF [X.4H
     260 [F(YOTSK.FO.O..OP.IIN.EQ.1) 30 TO 300
              11' = 1
               4 = AD15K
              H = Y015K
               AS & A - BOTSK
              HS = 4 - UNISA
              HAL = HIJTSK
               90 TO 199
     AND CONTINUE
              XF = 445(X) - 45
               4F = 4F5(Y) - 45
               XF = STGN(XF+4)
               YF = michi(YFaY)
               w = 4401 (xF+42 + 4F+42)
               IF (a. or . DABATA . AND . IIM . FO. O) INTOKEL
               16 (IT 4.61).1.21().4.1.F.A()[54) [145CK#]
              MDP = HIT(XF+YF+ ] + 1)
              241 = 41. (x+++F+=1++1)
              MMP = MO(XF+YF++1+ 1)
              AP1 = WII(XF.YF. [.-!)
              PFH = 1.
               CHOH. CHA. HIME. CICH! | INDA
               IFIRMAX. (E. HAT) G) to 200
              [ H400 - Ch40 - 
               TE (HMINOR HAD) GO TO 200
              PFH = (HAD-HMTH)/(HMAR-HMTM)
              60 for 200
etispat wotak
            TURP 4WOUTATION
MINELETE SHAPH. 22
             MAMPLIST JAPTHRY DOUTODING XPOSOYPOSOYOUTOYING HEINGHEOUT
*IMSERT HOT.3
              DATA DELIGOROUS OF MITCHEMONT /440./
*INGFOI GOLOTIA
              HEMPH & HANTING OF CENTRAL DASCURATION COPHER.
              DEMONT & WANTING OF FILLET.
HETH & PANTHS OF CENTRAL DESCRIPATION.
               WEGGT & WARTHS OF FILLET.
```

```
#THSHUT HAHF.33
          HENTA = 0.
          HFMOUT = 0.
          HIST = n.
   PINGEDT HOTOR
          AHC (12.1417-4) = 1.
          440(1) (. [V[0].4) # 0.
          [F()O())Y.OF.((...()G.))INY.ME.().) HIST = 1.
          IF (4151.F4.0) GO TO 22
          ARC (+.IMTY.Z) = REMOUT
          AHC (3. INTH. 2) = PF TIN
          ARC (17.14[444) = )[A.)41/2.
          AHC(13.1419.4) = NTAIN/2.
   OFFERTE HAME . MANE . M.
          [A = AHC(A+l+1) + +0]
          CALL APPTH (43C(4+1M+2)+ AHC(5+1M+2)+ AHC(6+1M+2)+ ARC(7+1M+2)+
         * AFC([11-[M-4] . AFC([]-[M-4] . AFC([]-[M-4] . AHC([]-[M-4])
        HOW THE AMOUN ASSUMES THAT COM IS MINHOU MUMMER IN.
   WIFLETT WILL SHARE WARE . 42
                           (AHC(I+[MID+2)+ AHC(2+[MIH+2)+ AHC(3+[MIR+2)+
     ST CALL MINDON
         * ARC(4.17174.2) . ARC(5.1MID.2) . ARC(6.1MLA.2) . ARC(7.1MIR.2) .
         * AAC(H.IN[4.2) . 43C(9.[M[P.3) . AHC(10.[M[H.2).AHC(11.M[R.7).
         * 490()2.1414.2).440()3.1M1H.2).460()4.14[P.2).
         x A=C(10+1mTR-4)+A-C(!!+TMT-4+4)+A-C(!2+IMTR+4)+A-C(!3+IMTH+4))
414404
   MINIETE STAPE STAPE
         CALL AUDTO (41 ADD)T. 41 ATM. XPMS. YPMS. 44 UDT. 47 [M. AXDDT. 47 [N)
   POFILETE A [NAOH . C. HUT. ] A
          SHEPOLITING ATRIODICANX ANY ARRICAN [ADDIANTATION XPOSAPPOSAREL ADELTMA
         * DISTE . HANNILS . PHIAST . PHIRT . I) ESIP ...

    HYOHT • HYTH • HXOHT • HXTW)

                                                        N#1.14 AND
             THE FIRST 2 LINES ARE ARE (NoTHING)
                                                        N=10+13
             AND THE EAST LIVE-IS AMOUNTMEHOUS
   MINISTE MINISTER 13
          (FCPTAOUT.F0.0.A.ANO.RTATM.FG.O.ANO.RYOUT.EQ.U.ANO.RYTN.FQ.U.)
         £ 1911 T/1 70
   40FLETE (90) . --
          R(t) \cup TY = \Delta H \cap (10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10)
          HOUTX = AHC(4.[4]4.2)
          IF (PI)(([Y.NE.A) HOUTE # AHC ([2.] MTH.4)
          HAPTH = DOUTE
          IF (WHITY - NF . 1) INAPTHEAMT IT (MINITE - H JULY)
   MINSFAT WILLOHIA
          METH = 0.
          RECOUT # 0.
          HTSF .= 0.
   OT SPUT STAPH. 14
          AHC (7. [AH.4) = 7.
          AHC (H+1AP+4) = 0.
          IF (YOUT . 16 . ) . . . ) # . YI (. 0) E . 0 . ) WIST # 1 .
          TF (4757.FQ. 1) 30 TO 41
          ARCITOLOMOS) & MENHT
          446 (2+14P+4) = 4F1M
          AHCITALAMAN = MONTANA
          ANC (4.14P.4) = 317/2.
   MORLETT SHAPE . 35 COLL . 525
          x CALC APPITO (ARC (1. TAP.4). 68C (2. TAP.4). ARC (3. TAP.4). ARC (4. TAP.4).
                       14( (h. [14+4) . A4C (h. [19+4) . AHC (7. [AP+4) . ARC (R. [AP+4))
          -354VF = HAPIN
```

[F(YOUT.NE.D.) HAPTH = 47[7](000T.YOUT)/8. IF (YOUT . FO. A.) HAPTO = DOUT / 2. IF (PAPTH.LF.D.A) HAPTH = HASAVE MURLETE GILL.622 41 00 .= 0. po 13 1/2 = 1.408 13 PPW = PPW + C ((17?) \*CONJG(CH(122)) SPP4 = PPW+(x(2)-x(1))++2+(NPTS/NPY) IF (NHFG.FO.1.07.NHFG.FO.2) SPPW=SPPW/WNUW++2 1)007 = 446 (1.744.4) +7. DIN = ARC (2. TAP. 4142. YOUT = ARC (5.14P.4) 47. Y[r] = AHC (6.TAH.4) =2. IF (YOUT.NF. 0.. 04. Y [N.NF. 0.) 000T= AHC (7. [AP.4) +2. IF (YOUT . NE . 0 . . OR . Y IN . NE . 0 . ) IN= AHC (8 . [AP . 4) +2 . . IF (DOUT.LT.O.G.AND.DIN.LT.G.G)

## 12. \*ID NUDISKT

Ident NUDISKT modifies the two I/O IFLOWS in GDL, IFLOW = 10 and IFLOW = 16.

a. IFLOW = 10 Two new options have been added to this IFLOW. Multiple fields can now be written to the same file by not rewinding the file between writes (RWIND = .F.). A file can also be written that can read at a terminal (READS = .T.). For this can the file is written in the following order:

Symmetric fields are unfolded before being written to tape for READS pprox .T.

b. IFLOW = 16 This IFLOW has been updated so that formatted data can be read in as well as written out. The format has been modified to include more digits.

```
THERET WHITSKT
        WEIFNE MUDISAT
                      MIDELFTE GOL.75
                                                              = IN CH PHOCHES ON CARDS. HEADS PURCH.
                      # TUSE HIT HOLLOW
                                           MATA KWHITE . KWEADOWE ADA /DODOOF ./
                      MENGENT HOLLING
                                            NAMEL IST YOU ICHY KHEAD . KHHITH
                                                       THIS IS A FORMATTED VERSION OF DISKIL.
                                                       KUPAN IS UNIT TO HE WEAD FHOM - IF TERO. HUNTI READ.
                                                       KAHITE IS MIT TO ME AMITTED TO - IF JEHO. DON'T WHITE.
                       40ELFTF 671..342.60L.194
                              THU KHEAD # 0
                                            KWHITE = U
                                             HEAD ( IN-PUNCH)
                                             [F(KWFAD.F9.4.AM9.KAWITF.FO.H) GO TO 944
                                             IF (KHEAD FO . B) GO TO 169
                                            READ (RREAD . 164) TITLE
                               INS FORMAT (2004)
                                              WATTE (HOIGH) KUEADOTITLE
                               THE FORMATICEX. . FORMATTED FIFLD HEAD IN FHOM UNIT : ** 13. ** ** / 1x . 2044)
                                            MAN I ST TAL (II)
                                              【以下ドコ(リー) サルドバ
                                             UN 187 (=). NATS.2
                                             RES-) (MME AND - 1 MME) - X (I) - X (U) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (I - I) - X (U) - MUHE - X (U) - M
                                             II = >*([+[~FF)
                                              COR(II-I) = OUMI
                                              CUM(III) = HUMEI
                                              CUM([[+1] = -11]42
                                              COH (11+2) = 0024-2
                                167 CONTINUE
                                154 FOWMAT (264.3.2F12.5.2F8.3.2F12.6)
                                              HEWIND KALAD
                                               30 TO 444
                                 THE WHITE (MOTHER) KARTTE
                                143 FOW 4AT (2x . #FOR 4ATTED FIFLD WRITTEN TO UNIT : 4+13.4.4)
                                              WRITE (KARITE . 154) (GROT (ICNTL . 1) . [#1.20]
                         MORLETE WILLAUTONI . 404
                                 SAMDULO SMILLO (F) X+ (1+1) X+ (1+1) X+ (1+1) X+ (1) X+ (1) X+ (1) X+ (1+1) X+ (1+1)
                                               VENTUR KAHTTE
                          MILETT GOL . 17M
                                                NAMELIST VOISKITY THE SD. LARITE . LORD. LAND. READ 3-RWIND
                                                        RESULT . T. YEARS HEAD OR WRITE TO TAPE IN THISE STEPS.
                                                          HWIND = . 1. MEANS HEWIND WHITTEN (HEAD) TAPE.
                           ATUSEUT WILL . 455
                                               READIS HOS) = 4ENIS
                                                HALMING (NUS) = HALMI)
                                                1F (4FAI) 35 (NOS)) GO TO 104
                          +11.5+41 () L.400
                                               JE (HEAD 35 (M)5)) GO TO LOA
                            * [145E41 (43) 450
                                                HEATT # .F.
                                                Haran # .T.
                           MINISTE WILLAMP
                           12 = TREAD
                            [F(THEAD-LT-O) IN # -[NEAD
                            IF ([WEAD.GT.d) WEAD ([R) (CHILL).INT. NOB).X.DRX.DRY.NITER
                            IF(IHFAD.LI.O) WEAD (IH) (CU(IZ).IZ=L-NOH).A+DHX-DHY-NITFR-SAVE
```

```
MUFLETE GIL. 472
      IN = THEAT
      TE (THEAD, LT. () TH = -INFAD
      IFICE PEADS GT. OT READ (IN) (CULLE) . IX=1.NOR) . A. UHA. DRY. NITER
      IF (THEAD. LT. O) HEAD (IN) (CHIEZ) . IL=L. NOM) . A. OHX. DRY. NITER . SAVE
PUFLETE GOLLOGE
      TE (PWIND) PENTAN INFAN
      IF (-401-04140) WHITE (6-104)
MORLETE GOL.470
      IE (BAIND) DEAIND IARITE
      IE( .NOT . PWIND) WPITE( A. 194)
MIELFTE GOL.4/4
      TE(HAIND) REALM) INEVE
      IF (.MOT. AMTUS) WRITE (5.194)
  104 FORMATION . THE FILE HAS NOT REEN HEWQUIND+)
#IMSEPT GOL +475
 IGR [F([PFAU.FO.D.4ND.]#H[TF.EG.0) GO TO 999
      IF (TREAD . FO. 0) GO TO 110
      READ (IREAD) TITLE . NPXIM . NPYIM
      00 150 [=1.50
  120 DITTL(NDS.I) = TITLE(I)
      WRITE (9-121) THEAD-MPXIN-NPYIN-TITLE
  121 FORMATIPA. ** PARTITIONED TAPE HEING HEAD FROM UNIT : ** 13 . * . * .
     . CI. + CIVA WILL CI. + C. I A MILM OF YOUR CO.
     x /1x.2044/)
      READ (IMEAD) (X(J) - J=1 - NPXIN)
      MIXHK [=[ [5]] 00
      UM1 = (U-1) #NPX[1]
  [23 AEAD ([HEAD) (CH([+U4]) +1=1+NHX[N)
      WPIS = WPXIV
      MPY = MPYIN
      IF (AWIND) HEATHD IMPAD
      IF (.NOT. PATAD) WHITE (6.104)
      en to 444
  110 HEAD (IN+) 243) TITLE
      00 125 L#1.20
  125 OTTEL (NDS.L) = TTTLE(L)
      ANTIFICATION TANTIE-TITLE
  126 FORMATIEX. PPARTITIONED TAPE HEING HELTIEN TO UNIT : #+13+#+0+
     X /1X+20A4/)
      WHITE (IMPLITE) TITLE . NPTS . NPY
      WRITE (INHITE) (K(J) +J=)+NPTS)
      IF (NPTS.FO.NPY) GO TO 140
C *** UNFOLD CH
      DO 130 J=1.NPY
      JM1 = (J-1) +4PTS
      JIMI = (NPTS-)) +NHTS
      DO ISU I=1.NHTS
      1MU+1 = L1
      [MIL+1 = 1L]
  130 CU(IJI) = CU(IJ)
  140 DO 141 JET+NATS
       274v:# (1-1.) = [ML
  141 WHITE (INHITE) (CHILL+JML) + [=[+NPTS]
       TELANINO AEMINO INAITE
       IF ( ... I) T. H. K. INIO HATTE (4.104)
```

50 TO 940

## 13. \*ID CY4KIN

IDENT CYARTH

The capabilities of the numerical SOQ kinetics package have been expanded to include oxygen, hydrogen, and R-branch transitions (9.4  $\mu$  pand).

- a. Oxygen has been upgraded from a structureless molecule to one that has structure. Therefore, there are now kinetics rate equations for the interaction of oxygen with the rest of the molecules from the combustion process.
- b. Hydrogen has been included as a structureless collision partner.
- c. Previously the code has used P-Branch transitions (10.4  $\mu$ ). Using GFACT less than 1 now activates the 9.4  $\mu$  R-Branch transition.

In addition to the above major changes, two small additions have been made:

- Input the Gladstone-Dale constant GDC in namelist CAVTY2.
- (2) Account for the gain length by the factor ZFACT, also in CAVTY2.

PIDENT CYARIN

TO CHARIN TUCOUPOWATHS FOR CYCLE IV KINETICS MACKAGE FROM AWANGHO III WEST MALM RESTONE FLORING. DAYGEN AND HYDROGEN

ATMETICS WELF AMOREM AS WELL AS THE ARTELITY IN STRULATE HERBANCH THANGLITONS ON THE DOWN NICHON MANDS

PERMIT MIFLETE MLUMITALL CAUTTY POPLETE CAVELY. IA 146(2) \* (4) 544 (4) \*(5) \*(5) \*(5) 41,5F#T L20P1.14 UNIA THE /11./ PORILETE LHOPI.11 A AVENTNOGENCIFOLINGANDO ONICOZENCE MURLETE CAVITY. 78.CAVITY. 77 11 15 VINRATIONAL TEMPERATURE OF VIIV AT NEP. DEG K 12 15 VINHATIONAL TEMPERATURE OF OVU-AT NEP. DEG K AT NEP. UFU K SHELFTE CAVITY.42 PHACE IS THE J VALID OF THE LOWER LASER LEVEL FOR THE TRANSITION

```
*INSERT CAVITY.47
         AND IS MORE ENACTION OF MYLHOGE'S
   *HELFTE CAVITY.127
          36116 (4.143) 4 12.5012.5020.500.402.402.600
   * HELFTE CAVITY.129
         Y AMEMAN =+112. 1+46.5MXCO =+11/2.5.4x.5MXUZ =+G12.5.4x.5MXMZ =+
         * 012.5.74 GLADSTONE-DALF CONSTAINT
                                                 = *•612.5)
   PENSERT CAVITY.134
          TVUP (NCAVN) =TTP
   *INSERT CAVITY.134
          WALTE (No. 1104) TUP
    1100 FOR 46T (1x+n+1)2 = +312.6)
   *LISEPT CAVITY.174
          IF (40%. IF. 0... AUD. FOR. FU.D.) STOP WIFFU TORM
          FHZ (NCAVN) = 442
DENISY
   PINSEET DENSY. TO
         GOAMBU JOLADZ STONETZENCIA
   TISFUT DESST. 100
         GOC # STOKE
CAVITY
   # [MSFOT LAGE] . a ...
         COMMON JOLANA STONE . JEACTE
GALIXY
   # LISEGT GALVAY. 15
         COMMON JOLANY STONE - ZEACTH
   *LISENT GALMAY.116
         DELTAZ = DELTAZAZEACTR
         IF (7FAC, FP. MF. 1.) WHITE (6.1000) FACTH DELTAZ
    1900 FORMATIVELA SHOOMAN WARRING - GAIN MODIFIED HYPOFT.4.
        Y & ACTIVE LEWGIM. DELTAZ =**612.4.5H*****)
CAVITY
   * [NSFHT CAVITY.] 03
         GINC = STONE
          JEACT = JEACTH
   PINSFUI CAVITY.109
          STONE = (40)C
          ZEACTH = JEACT
I'FNIGY
   MODEL FIE DEGGY . 31
FIJHS
   MORLETE FUNS.11
                        146(4) . [402(5) . FH2(5) . YSYM
         COM 40N /4L ADY STONE . /FACTO
   MUFLETE FUHS-119
          RUCL==5TONF +HHO+7C (HCV) /NS (MCV)
GATHEY
  MOPLETE HATMAY.IN
          COMMINA/START/ TST.PST.VT.FOOVT.FOVOT.FVOOT.EN21.GAINI.FGYOZT
   PIPEFIE HAINXY.12
          CUMMON /MOLENY KUZ+KCOZ+KHZO+KCO+KOZ+KHZ
    PHFLETE GATHAY.14
          COMMINIONATE / H 12. HC 1. HC2. HPUMP. HST [M. HH. RY. H] ()
   MOFLETE GATURY.20
             - 「「「CF(201 • AV5(5)• TV02(5)• FH2(5)• N5YM
   +THSENT GAT IST. 74
          AHP = FHP (NCV)
   *INSERT GATYAY. 3H
          TU2=TVU2 (MCV)
   .INSERT GATHAY.45
```

```
FxFP==1497.
         DEP=1489.
         IF (3FACT (FCV) . 6F.1.) 60 TO 10
      MUNIER CONSTANTS FOR HANGEN THANGITION
         HOTUP=, 5566 (HR+).) + (HH+2.)
         GCU V= . 7 H / F - 1 4 4 ( P - 1 + 1 . )
         FXFY==1050.
         7F4=1530.
      ID CONTINUE
   MARKETE GATURY.4M
   MORIETE LHOPI.IA.LHOPI.IS
   enflete (GOP) . 16. LGOP1.17
   MISTELL FAUNT PIN FAUNT 114
         XHW = 2H.01604N2 + 44.0110XC02 + 1H.01604H20 + 32.0402 + 2.0160XH2
          402F4C#18.526
   elacent foubles
         k + .344xH2753HT(1.424722.005)
   ONFIETE LAUMI.21
   GIFLETE GATHAY. SA
          REASH # 1.439/(OFP+HOTUP=ROTEO)
   OPPLETE GATHAY.OF
         44MM1 = 17.4(x 17+xC)2+x02+x42)+4.4xM20)/(5.4(XN2+xC)2+x02+xH2)+
           m. 4x426)
   POPLETE HATMAY.AN
         CD = 3.5+40+(x0)2+x002+x02+442+4./7.44420)
   MINISTRY GAINAY. 72
         EGYOST = 0.0 .
         IF (XUZ.NF.U.) FGYDZ[=XUZ+1556./(EXP(2234./TU2)-1.)
   PENSENT HAINAY . 45
         とステルロブニト メデルノブラ
         IF (SHACT (NOV) .LT.1.) EXFROT=EXFR/T2
   ONFLETE GATHAYOR!
        x -- SHI FEXP (FXFROT -POTLO/TS))
KINET
   MIPLETE KINET . H. KINET . 9
         COMMONISTANTI TST-MST-VT-FOOVT-FOVOT-FVOOT-FN2T-GAINT-FGYOZI
         COMMON AMORESA YNS AXCOS AXHSO AXCO XOS AXHS
   MORESTE KINETALL
         COMMONZHATEZ HIZOHCZOHCZOHPUMPOHST[MORROHQOR]U
   #14SF#1 KTAFT.12
         COMMON/GFACTH/GFACT(2)
   OF ISPUT KINFT.23
         FIIフェスリとや155M。
         DEVOYOL = 0.
          OFM202 = C.
         CHGHE = 0.
          FxFds=] JUT.
          [F (GFA(1(1).LT.1.) F4=1.245F[0/HNU
          IF (GFACT(1) .LT.1.) F4FH#-1950.
   #145FAT KINFT. 36
          EG102=161071
   #INSPHT KINET./1
          IF (XO2.EU. (1.) GO TO 3U
          02F TP=F XP (-2274.044/TS)
          44.124.134 JEANSER (1.-1)52.21
          THUVUR1 .- FXP (-454.4/TS)
          FHOAUM(E JUA )-ENAU) NEGAR
          THN2=1.=FXP(-3354.309/T5)
          EN45=(E345=E4317+45
          これにみだね (ドバイクアールとりアデリ) サイル
          「ペリンェし。-ハフトムド
          たいいつき (ひたりをちゅうにっていろ) ノドバイワス
```

```
DEUN 15=84+F GYUNNT 105+ENSNEUNS+ (THUS4F805-THNS+EHNN)
        DEN202=-1354.309/2239.*OF02N2
         TF-)?=+{u+F-GY02/F402+(F0V0/E90V0)++2.+(1.+TH0/+FR02+(1.+TH0V0+FR0V0
           1000)
         つだいりいしゃーと、サリッタ、ホノススミタ、サリドコス
         CHG()2= (=CHG-(F+1)FO2N2+()E-12) +() [
         EGY02=FGY02+C4602
     30 CONTINUE
  MORLETE KINET. 75. KINET. 75
        DEGL=DFUV0-1.044+DEN2MP-1.0Ah+DE00VH-F4+F10+DT+DE0VO1+DT
        ナインコトイン・リトレン・リティングライント
  *OFLETE KINET.79
         SUMDEV=SUMDEV+(DEDV)+CHGHF+DT)+V+1.447E-14+RHUN
  MORLETE KINETOMS
        DEV=(DE0V0/01+CHG8E)+1-19677E8
  *INSERT KINET-121
        EXEROTAEXFR/T1
         IF (GFACT(1).LT.1.) EXFROT=FXF9/T2
  MOELFTE KINFT-123
           -.561*FXH(EXFHOT -ROTLO/TS))
414
   PHELFTE MIX. N. MIX. 7
         COMMON /MOLES/ XN2+XCO2+XH2O+XCO+XO2+XH2
         COMMON VHATEN HN2+4C3+4C2+8PHMP+4S[[4+46+89+410
   MOFLETE MIX.24.011x.24
         C)S(00A) + HS = C(JS(0AU) + HS)
         TC3H = FXP(12.4+17802+4.49+1780-2.13)
         C05(000)+45 = C05 + 45
         TC24 * EXP(112.*TTRD2=57.2*TTRD+1./23)
         HC2 = HS+(XNZ/TC24+XC07/TC2C+XH20/TC2W+X02/TC2H+XH2/TC2H)+1.FH
         HC3 = PS+CXMP/TC3N+XC02/TC3C+XMP0/TC3W+XO2/TC3M+XH2/TC3H)+1.E6
   #INSERT MIX.31
         H10=XCO2/(M.E-6-TS/150.#1.E-6) #P5
         H9=4N7/.345E-2 +P5
         HAST./FXP(A4.47*TTRN) *
                                     ( XN2/5.46-0 + XC02/1.F-H + XH20
              16.7F-13 + x-12/5.4F-4)
                                       *DC
HE GATAL
   MORLETE MEGAINALA
            TITLE (20) . 4VG(5) . TVO2(5) . FH2(5) . N5YM
SIMPGG
   *DFLETE ST4P6G.11
             TITUE (20) *AVG(5) *TVO2(5) *EH2(5) * 45YM
         COMMON/GENCTY/GENCT(2)
   *INSPUT SIMPHH-4-49
         IF (SFACT(1) . (T.1.) ETA = 0.45
MAIN
   STNSFOT MATH. 20
         DATA GOO 10.224/.7FACT 19.96/
   *I ISFPT MAIN.143
         STOME = GOC
          ZEACTH = ZEACT
   +INSFAT MAIN.H
         COMMON YOU ADY STONE . JEACTE
```

## 14. \*MIRFIX

The MIRROR subroutine has been modified to calculate the effect of power-induced surface curvature when mirror reflectivities other than

the design value are used. The parameter,  $\delta$ , is modified to change the center to edge distortion as a function of the mirror reflectivity. The parameter, RFLFAC, is used to scale  $\delta$  as input through the relation:

$$\delta' = \delta \left( \frac{1 - R}{1 - R_d} \right) \left( \frac{P}{P_d} \right)$$
 (B2)

Where

R = Mirror reflectivity

P = Incident energy

d = Design value

Further, the MIRROR routine has been updated to include the calculation of its own value of mirror flux-induced distortion factor when mirrors are encountered off axis as noted by PHIAST  $\neq 0$ . This update has not been activated, since it would mean input file changes for all users. It is included in the code and will be activated by each user, when so desired.

```
IDENT ATPETX
  OTHERT MINELS
   MINNER
   MUELETE MIRHUP. 45
         PWPNES =1.FA
         481.054 = .44K
         HFLFAC = (1.-AFL)/(1.-AFLMES)
   MORLETE MINHON.70
         DELTA = PELTAPHAREACORFLEAC
   *TriSEDT WINDOW. 149
         IF (NPFG.FO.1.OR.NRE3.EG.2) DELL=DELL/WNOW++2
   MIFLETE WIT.23
         IF (PHIAST. MF. A.) WRITE (A. 420) PHIAST. RMSAG. RMTAN
   #OFLETE CLUASIG.14
         TF (PHIAST-NE.O.) WRITE (A.420) PHIAST-PMSAG-RMTAN
   MOELFIE CIUASTA.ZA
         IF (PHIAST.NE.1.) WHITE (A.424) PHIAST. RMSAG. RMIAN
   MUMBLETE CLUASIG. 20
     420 FORMATIV. +-- ASTIGNATIC PHASE AMERICATION APPLIED WITH--- . / .
        COL
   MINGENT HILLS
        IF (PHIAST.F ).0.) 30 TO 19
         DISTF = DISTF + (CAS (PHIAST+3.141593/140)) ++2
         *PIFF (M+1/4) NISTE
      IN FORMATIONS . * WARRING: CISTE HAS BEEN MODIFIED BY THE SQUARFS.
       X 4 OF COS(FMIAST). NEW DISTE =**G12.5/)
      10 CONTI IUF
```

#### 15. \*ID PROP

The SOQ code calculation of far field performance is based on the analytical equivalence between the Fraunhofer pattern and the propagation of a distribution with field curvature, f, a distance Z = f, using the Raleigh-Sommerfield formulation of the diffraction integral in the Fresnel degree of approximation. The SOQ far field calculation propagates the wave distribution, CU, a distance f, determined in a manner which preserves the correspondence between near field and far field coordinates, while accurately resolving the energy spectrum in far field coordinates.

In certain cases, however, it has become necessary to propagate the distribution CU to an arbitrary focal plane Z, using the SOQ calculational procedure, in order to obtain the effects of beam jitter at a fixed distance Z and to obtain the far field information scaled to same focal length. Since far field calculations are based on the use of "vacuum" propagation, the far field at any plane Z" is simply the scaled distribution at any other plane Z". This can be shown by comparing the far field distributions in terms of the Fresnel integrals at two arbitrary focal planes Z" and Z", where a field curvature of f" = Z" and f" = Z" has been applied to obtain the distribution. Comparison of these two distributions for the same transmitting aperture size leads to the following scaling.

$$CU_{Z''} = CU_{Z'} \cdot \frac{f}{Z} \cdot e^{-ik (f - Z)} \frac{-ik}{2f} \dot{x}^{2} \left(1 - \frac{Z}{f}\right)$$
(B3)

And

$$\hat{\chi}'' = \frac{Z}{4} \hat{\chi}' \tag{B4}$$

where f is the propagation focal distance obtained in the usual manner from the SOQ code, and Z is the "new" scaled propagation distance.

These changes are incorporated in the SOQ code primarily in subroutine QUAL, as documented by the following Fortran changes.

ME IT HUND

TO PEOPLE ANYS THE AUTHORY TO PHOPAGAIR TO A SPECIFIC FUCAL ERWITH FROM SOMEOUTTINE QUAL.

```
DOM
   * IFIFTE WIAL . HT
         TE (BROWNIEF . 11. ) FO TO 45
    AND DESIGNATION OF THE APPLY A LEWS OF FOCAL LENGTH PHOP (CONVERGING)
         AND PROPORTE TO THAT FOCAL EFNOTH.
         FAUTT = -5/24114
         F = -PH(1P
         M.D = ZLOVEHATED
         HT = HIMFHAILIMFHAIIO
          IN AL ISTANHIS
         ASAVE (1) = ASAVE (1) /FRATTO
      41 x([) = X56VF(T)
          いち ヨ ハスノデビルエトコ
         DESAVE # DESAUF/FRATIO
         HK-17 = HK/7.
         11() 47 J=1+MPY
          JM) = (J+1) +112TS
          450 x x (3) 442
         no sa talegets
          II J.J = 20 (7+ 1M1)
          11/1/11 = 17 1/1 = 1
          HALL = MKOSA(x([) 445 + YSO) + (FRATIO+(*) /PROP
           WELALL THAT PHOP IS SEGATIVE
          (1-4)/(1) = 680.9
          STILL = STILL(PAT)
          CHAR = CHA (TT 13M1)
          COTA = COM(TTID)
          CHICITUUMI) = (CHAFACUSP - CUITAASINPIAFRATIO
                       = (C INFAMINE + COLAMONSH) AFHATIO
       (UUTTHUD) SE
       45 CHATTIME
   C MAN CHANGE A IN STAFTSTOMESS FAR FIFTER & MY DIVIDING MY ZINETHEAD.
    ODELETE UTTTEHOLDS
   C +++ APPLY & SMALL PHASE TO CU SO THAT IT'S PHASE IS NOT IDENTICALLY
          ZFH".
          CHH (1/1/) = 1.6-10/FLG&f(1717)
    effectioning
       HU CHATTING
    MILENTITIC ATRIFFE
          IF (0/44x+GF+US(17)) 30 TO 54
(+1 )
    POFIFT UTTER-4/
    T . . A APPLY & SMALL PHISE TO CHESD THAT IT'S PHASE IS NOT IDENTICALLY
          16-1.
      VIS CHRITATION = 1.F-14/FLOAT(TUTA)
 OHAL.
    #1 ISPHT CYCLEH. 40
          TE (PHOP . NF . 0 . 1) TS TEPSE
    WINGFOL CYCLEG. IF
          IF(PHOP.MF.8.0) 5) TO 440
    WHELETE CYCLEY.51.CYCLE 1.52
54114 WHITE (M.5440) F.71.13
5-1411 FOR 4AT (//OX + 4-) HITTIMEM HESSILES AT F = 4-612-4-24+ HITH 4+
    4 1441 #H#( AMB() 4/6) =+612.4.1H:)
 460 [F(P40P.NE.0.0) HATTE(6.5941) F.710
9441 FORMATIVYZOK.#PROPAGATION RESULTS FUR F =#4612.4410X+# WITH #4
     ( )44] 040[ 040] 040] 040] 040] 040] 040]
16. *ID ECSFIX
```

The updates for ECSFIX are included to correct original errors in dimensioning Level II variables, and to reduce the resident array sizes at load and execution of the code.

```
IDENT FOSEIX
  STOP IT FOSE IN
   STEP
      AT ISEAT STEP. 7
            X .APW
             COMMON /STPLC4/ APR
   OF NSY
      POFLETE DE VSY . 23. COPH2.5
            COMMON /MELT/ P(20000) . X4(21) . Y4(21.81) . Z4(21.81) .
            x C4(21+A1) . M4(21) . N4. HOCL . DUMYS(4077A)
   CAVITY
      MORLETE CORRIAGS
      MOELETE CLODENS.3
            x PDD (2) +xCAV(1+0) +C:IR(3276A) +US(17100)
      MORLETE CAVITY.22
             EQUIVALENCE (CU(1) . CUH(1)) . (CG(1) . US(1))
   PEGATN
      MOFLETE SOUTTCY1.189
      POPLETE CHOOPINS. 43
             COMMUN /GLAD/ STONE . ZFACTA
             DIMENSION PAR (17100) . P(17100) . G(17100)
      *DELETE SOUTTCY1.190.C100FN5.34
             EQUIVALENCE (PDD(1) . CG(1)) . (G(1) . CFIL(1)) . (P(1) . CU(1))
```

## 17. \*ID SEGSOQ

The SOQ code, as currently configured, is too large to run on the Cyber 176 under AFWL Small Core Memory (SCM) restrictions (high speed core). The segmented load option of the CDC NOS/BE loader has been used to reduce execution time SCM requirements without loss of generality of the code. A segmentation loader, and the appropriate "tree" structure of the code segmentation is required to take advantage of this feature.

To incorporate this scheme into the SOQ code, the SOQ code required additional JLOBAL commons to save certain values, as described on the following Fortran listing. A segmentation tree was developed and is listed also. Further information on segmentation is available in the CDC/NOS/BE loader reference manual. This approach was selected instead of overlay structure because it is a more powerful tool, even though it is machine specific.

```
CAVITY
   *INSPUT CAVITY.IA
         CO MADIA /SEGOVZ/ XLEM. YEEM. ZLEM. XMCAV. YMCAV. NOUX. NOOY. MOSEG.
        x FLAGONAFSTONGTYPEONGPLOTOLUSEOLPDEMOTLOTZOT30TNZOTSOPSOVO
        * PHHCH+XNZ+XC)Z+XHZO+XCO+XOZ+ALFA+ACH+VELTY+TTFMP+ANGL+
        A AVGAIN-GFACIA-TOP-XHZ-PI-NOH-NHSYH-CAKAY-TOPIWL
   *[MSFRT GOL.16
         COMMON /SEGGEL / TEL DW.GNOTE. IPLOIS. KPLOT.
        4 MC AVMONTEM MASTE . MPI, TOZPHOPI . ZPHOPO.
        P. ANGXX.ANGYY.PADC.OLAQUIT.DIAIN.AMPOS.YMPOS.HMIR.RFMIN.RFMQUIT.
        C OFFICA DISTE TOUTY DINY WANUES PHIAST PHIROT DESTRUC
        D DELT. ROCHEV.WINDOX.WINDOK.TIFG.TITH.TIPS.
        F DOUT DIN YPOS YPOS YOU F Y IN REDUT REIN
        F DIRFAM.DVPLAP.DXXP.DYYP.MAXIT.AVCUSM.CUSMF.NEWNPT.NEWNPY.IMTRSM.
        G TITLE . FADPLI . DSM . HEMOVE . FHIAHH . HO . P. PEHNG .
        H ALF4.5CF.F. HHO. FLEN.NSTFPS.INPT.NPHUP.AXIAL.UT.
        I THEAD . INWITE . I ON DO TADO . FEAD 3 . HWIND .
        J TRANS.XMAG.NAEAM.AWL.NGGO.JETANG.JETOIS.KREAU.KWHITE.
        K AL PHANG COMMING ALPHAGGPHOGAS. TAILS TIME PERMING CONGAS.
        L ISPO-PILITH-THE TA-XSPC-YSPC-DIH-CAPH-FXPAND-POC-DISP-TILT-
        M DELZHOUFLITH
MATN
   *DELFTE CORRIA1.50077CY1.2
         PROGRAM 500 (0) | FPHT=512.TAPF1=512.TAPE2=512.TAPE3=512.TAPE4=512.
        4 TAPES=512.TAPE6±00TP0T.FAPE7=512.TAPEH=512.TAPE9=512.TAPE10=512.
        x [nPF1]=412. [4PE12=51/. [4PF14=51/. [4PE14=51/. [4PE15=51/.
        * TAPF16=517.TAPE17=512.TAPF1H=512.TAPF19=512.TAPF20=512.
        x TAPE21=512.TAPE22=512.TAPE23=512.TAPE24=512.TAPE25=512.
        x [APF2H=512.[APE27=512.TAPF2H=512.[AFF29=512.[APE30=512.
        x TAPE31=512.TAPE32=512.TAPE33=512.TAPE34=512.TAPE50=512)
        THIS VEHSTOU OF THE SUG CODE CAN BE HUN USING THE SEGMENTED
        LOADER ON THE CYRER LIG COMPUTER. THE CRITICAL UCL IS
             1114CH-1 50-4509/912H-10=0000
             ATTACH. THEF. SOUSFGTREE. ID=*******
             SEGLOAD. TETREE.
            1, (41)
         THE FILE SOOSENIMEN CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING CARDS:
                             FST.MFLT.CAV2.CAVX.CCG.PARES.GLAD
                 121 CHAL
                             PLISIG.INITL. HAY . MHPHUP. GFACTH. LENSY
                 OF GRAL
                             START . PROPT . MOLES . ENERG . RATE . STPUWL
                 145610
                             FACTER-DAZ-TIME-VIFW-CG-STPLCM-SVTYM
                 (L) HAL
                             FCL.C..(M.TO..AUA.HM.CON.RM.PUT.FO.TERM.RM
                 GLOBAL
                             SKEL FU-SKSE FU-JMHS-RM-UPF5-FO
                 GI, WAL
                 GLOHAL
      CAVITY
                             SFGCV2-SAVE
                             SEGGOL-SAVE
   C
      GDL
                 ULURAL
      GAI.
                 GI CHAL
                             ZIP-SAVE
   C
                 THEF
                             SON- (QUAL . SGOL . LISTHO)
      SGNL
                 THEF
                             GOL-(CAVITY.FIFLOS.MIHROR.REGAIN.RSTEP.SLIVER.
      .THEODY.AXTON.ZFAM)
   (
                              CHEK.HM.PTWH.SU.SKSF.SU.OPES.SU
                 INCLUDE
   0
                             STEP . FOURT . TILT . HACKSP= . EOF . ATAN . SPTAN
                 INCLUDE
                 THICKNIP
                             4005[N=.005=51N.5]NC05=
      601
                 INCLUDE
                             INTERP
      SI IVER
                             CHIDES
   C
                 INCLUDE
                             THERML
      MINU JEIT
                 INCLUDE
                 F (41)
   C
           WHERE THE LEFT HAND COLUAN STARTS IN CULUMN 1.
```

## 18. \*WNDOW

The aerodynamic window subroutine of GDL is used to model the effect of an aerodynamic window on the propagated field in a Monte-Carlo sense. The aerowindow subroutine simulates a random phase transmission function whose rectangularly distributed random phase information can be selected with arbitrary "strength" or variance. This version of AEROW is designed to simulate the phase field degradation with rectangular probability distribution in phase of  $0.25\lambda$ .

```
TOF 4T WILLOW
  MIDENT WHOUW
   GDL
    *DELETE GOL.481
           CALL AFHOW
 AF HOLD
    MORLETE AFFOWAR
           SCHACHTIME TERM
    MOFLETE AEROW-H-AFROW-7
          COMMON/MELT/CHILLAMA) . CETL (15512) . X (128) . WL. NPTS. DRX. DRY
           COMPLEX CHACETE
    STUSFOT AFONW.3
          LEVEL 2.CH
    MOELETE AEROW. 4. AFHOW. 10
           P-47=0.
           CNT=9
           THP[= h.2h3[H53
           STHIAM = THPI & .. 25
           いいいゅうけいゅうりょう
    #HELETE AFROW-12.AFROW-21
           PERANF (1) PSIGHAM
           CNT=CHT + 1
           TR (P.LF.PMX) GO TO 20
           β14χ = β
      20
              CONTINUE
            Cil(I) = Cil(I) + CF + P(CMP(X(I) + + P))
    +INSERT AFROW.22
           WRITE (6.100) P4X.CNT
              FORMATIZOX . MAX PHASE SHIFT= *.F15.7.*HADIANS*.E15.6.//)
      100
```

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